The North Carolinian.

VOLUME II. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1870. NUMBER 26.

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

By PALEMON JOHN.

Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS.—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 inches	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
4 inches	2 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
8 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	19 50	30 00
¼ colu'n	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
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1 colu'n	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the Directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

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No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

☞ 1 per for all advertisements displayed by cuts, 10 per cent additional will be charged.

☞ Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n2-1y

C. L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office on east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

DR. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. R. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

DR. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y.

MILLINERY.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE & Bro, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

DR. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c. South West corner Church and Road Sts. 45-1y

DR. GRUMBEIN & CO., drugs, paints, oils &c. South East corner of Main and Road Sts. 45-1y.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

I. A. COHN, dry goods, clothing, millinery goods, boots, shoes, hats, &c., Road st., east side. v1n2-1y

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandise, Water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

GREEN & FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, ladies' dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 55 Road street. v1n1-1y

WM. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly, Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor. Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. n2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES.

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st. south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter. Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

A. B. PERSSE, boot and shoemaker, Road street, near Canal Bridge. v1n1-1y

J. L. WINNER'S Gallery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, 6 6½.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of January.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—H. B. Coleman, Silas Randall, J. B. Robinson, Jesse R. Brown, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, C W Grandy, Jr. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE.—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev W P Wright, Pastor—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—Sunday school at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church Episcopal, Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p. m.—Baptist Church, Rev R. K. Gordy.—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m., and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.—Zion A M E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. LODGES.—Samaritan, No 1, K. of J.—Meets every Tuesday evening. T A Commander, W C.—Achoree, No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Friday evening.—Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity.—Meets alternate Tuesday nights.—Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets alternate Thursday nights.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, W G Pool; Coroner, B F Keaton; Register of Deeds, M B Culpepper; Surveyor, W H Weatherly; Standard Keeper, A L Jones; Commissioners, Geo D Pool, C W Halliwell, C W Grandy, Jr., Hugh Kale, Benjamin Johnston.—Representative, T A Sikes.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island.) Judge Hon. CHARLES C. POOL. Elizabeth City; Solicitor, Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S T Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Eliz City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October, at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington Wm Berkins, Clerk.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

10-1y C. B. BROTHERS.

CARPENTER & HOUSE-BUILDER!

The subscriber would respectfully announce that he is prepared to do all kinds of carpenter work, as well as to take contracts for building, etc. SAMUEL T. MEADS.

Elizabeth City, Dec. 23, 1869-1y.

FRANK M. COOK, JEWELER,

ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA,

Keeps constantly on hand, and for sale, a large assortment of the

FINEST JEWELRY.

Gold and silver and patent lever, lepine, and other

WATCHES,

Fob, vest, and guard chains, chatelains, keys, seals, charms, gold and silver pencils, silver spoons, breastpins, earrings, bracelets, cull pins, etc. REPAIRING

of watches, clocks, musical boxes, accordeons, etc., done with promptness and despatch.

☞ Accordeons and Sewing Machines for sale, also repaired. 8-1y

RUFUS K. SPEED,

Life and Fire Insurance Agent, North America Mutual Life Insurance Co., 17 and 19 Warren St., New York. Capital $5,500,000. $1,350,000 on deposit with the State of New York for security of Registered Policies. All Policies *now issued* by the North America are registered free of charge to the Policy-holder. Every Registered Policy has upon its face the seal of the State of New York, with a certificate that *it is* "secured by Pledge of Public Stocks or Bonds and Mortgages." Registry makes the claim a certainty.

Farmers and Mechanics Life Insurance Co., 49 Wall St. New York. Young, Vigorous, Healthy. Issues all desirable forms of Policies at remarkably reasonable rates.

P. S. Mr. L. C. Dashiell will attend to my Insurance business during my absence this Winter.

Nov. 18th, 1870.

The undersigned has opened a new Watch Makers Shop in his Photographic Gallery over Dr. Butts Drug Store in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of repairing Watches, Jewelry, Chronometers, also Gold and Silver plating done in the best style. All work guaranteed. Having had fifteen years extensive practice in the business I flatter myself to be able to give entire satisfaction. All I ask is a trial.

J. L. WINNER.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., Aug., 18, 1870.

T. T. WHITCOMB.

CASH DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

FLOUR AND FEED.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN FRUITS, &c., &c.

In the Shannon building, So. West cor. Main and Water Street.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

E. CITY, May 19, 1870-1y.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is aken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate.t 22-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

Poetry.

Don't Crowd.

Don't crowd; this world is broad enough
For you as well as me;
The doors of art are open wide—
The realm of thought is free;
Of all earth's places you are right
To choose the best you can,
Provided that you do not try
To crowd some other man.

What matter though you scarce can count
Your piles of golden ore,
While he can hardly strive to keep
Gaunt famine from his door.
Of willing hands and honest heart
Alone should men be proud;
Then give him all the room he needs,
And never try to crowd.

Don't crowd, proud Miss; your dainty silk
Will glisten none the less
Because it comes in contact with
A beggar's tattered dress.
This lovely world was never made
For you and me alone;
A pauper has a right to tread
The pathway to a throne.

Don't crowd the good from out your hearts
By fostering all that's bad,
But give to every virtue room—
The best that may be had;
Be each day's record such an one,
That you may well be proud;
Give each his right—give each his room,
And never try to crowd.

Selected Story.

The Criminal Witness.

In the spring of 1841 I was called to Jackson, Alabama, to attend Court, having been engaged to defend a young man who had been accused of robbing the mail. I arrived early in the morning and immediately had a long conference with my client. The stolen mail bag had been recovered, as well as the letters from which the money had been rifled. These letters were given me for examination, and I returned them to the prosecuting attorney. Having got through my preliminaries about noon, and as the case would not come off before the next day, I went into court in the afternoon to see what was going on. The first case that came up was one of theft, and the prisoner was a young girl not more than seventeen years of age, named Elizabeth Madworth. She was very pretty, and bore that mild, innocent look which we seldom find in a culprit. She had been weeping profusely, but, as she found so many eyes upon her, she became too frightened to weep more.

The complaint against her set forth that she had stolen a hundred dollars from a Mrs. Naseby, and as the case went on I found that this Mrs. Naseby, a wealthy widow living in the town, was the girl's mistress. The poor girl declared her innocence in the wildest terms, but circumstances were hard against her. A hundred dollars in bank notes had been stolen from her mistress's room, and she was the only one that had access there. At this juncture, when the mistress was upon the witness stand, a young man came and caught me by the arm. He was a fine looking man, and big tears stood in his eyes.

"They tell me you are a good lawyer," he whispered.

"I am a lawyer," I answered.

"Then do save her! You certainly can do it, for she is innocent."

"Is she your sister?"

"No sir," he added, "but—but—" Here he hesitated.

"Has she no counsel?" I asked.

"None that's good for anything—nobody that'l do anything for her, O, save her; and I'll give you all I've got. I can't give you much, but I can raise you something."

I reflected a moment. I cast my eyes towards the prisoner, and she was at that moment looking at me. She caught my eye, and a volume of entreaties I read in her glance resolved me in a moment. I arose and went to the girl, and asked if she wished me to defend her. She said yes. I then informed the Court that I was ready to enter the case, and was admitted at once. The loud murmur of satisfaction that ran quickly through the room told me where the sympathies of the people were. I then asked for a moment's cessation, that I might speak to my client. I went and sat down by her side, and asked her to state candidly the whole case. She told me she had lived with Mrs. Naseby nearly two years, and had never had any trouble before. About two weeks ago, she said, her mistress lost a hundred dollars.

"She missed it from her drawer," the girl said to me, "and asked me about it. I said I knew nothing about it. That evening, I know Nancy Luther told Mrs. Naseby that she saw me take the money from the drawer—that she watched me through the keyhole. Then they went to my trunk and found twenty-five dollars of the missing money there. But, sir, I never took it, and somebody must have put it there."

I then asked her if she suspected any one.

"I don't know," she said, "who could have done it but Nancy. She has never liked me, because she thought I was better treated than she. She is the cook. I was the chambermaid." She pointed Nancy Luther out to me. She was a stout, bold-faced girl, somewhere about five and twenty years old, with a low forehead, small, grey eyes, a pug nose and thick lips. I caught her glance at once, as it rested on the fair young prisoner, and the moment I detected the look of hatred which I read there, I was convinced that she was the rogue.

"Nancy Luther did you say that girl's name was?" I asked for a new light had broken in upon me.

"Yes, sir."

I left the court room and went to the prosecuting attorney and asked him for the letters I had handed him—the one that had been stolen from the mail bag. He gave them to me, and, having selected one I returned the rest and told him I would see he had the one I kept before night. I then returned to the court room and the case went on.

Mrs. Naseby resumed her testimony. She said she intrusted the room to the prisoner's care, and that no one else had access there save herself. Then she described about missing the money, and closed by telling how she found twenty-five dollars of the missing money in the prisoner's trunk. She could swear it was the identical money she had lost, in two tens and one five dollar bank note.

"Mrs. Naseby," said I, "when you first missed the money, had you any reason to believe that the prisoner had taken it?"

"No, sir," she answered.

"Had you ever before detected her in any dishonesty?"

"No, sir."

"Should you have thought of searching her trunk had not Nancy Luther advised and informed you?"

"No, sir."

Mrs. Naseby left the stand and Nancy Luther took her place. She came up with a bold look, and upon me she cast a defiant look, as if to say, "Trap me if you can." She gave her evidence as follows:

She said that on the night the money was taken she saw the prisoner going up stairs, and from the sly manner in which she went up she suspected all was not right. So she followed her up. "Elizabeth went to Mrs. Naseby's room and shut the door after her. I stooped down and looked through the keyhole, and saw her take the money and put it in her pocket. Then she stooped down and picked up the lamp, and as I saw she was coming out I hurried away."

Then she went on, told how she had informed her mistress of this, and how she proposed to search the girl's trunk.

I called Mrs. Naseby to the stand.

"You said that no one, save yourself and the prisoner had access to your room." I said, "Now, could Nancy Luther have entered the room, if she wished?"

"Certainly, sir; I meant that no one else had any right there."

I saw that Mrs. Naseby, though naturally a hard woman, was somewhat moved by poor Elizabeth's misery.

"Could your cook have known, by any means in your knowledge, where your money was?"

"Yes, sir; for she has often come to my room while I was there, and I have often given her money to buy provisions of market-men who happened to come along with their wagons."

"One more question: Have you known of the prisoner having used any money since this was stolen?"

"No, sir."

I now called Nancy Luther back, and she began to tremble a little, though her look was as bold and defiant as ever.

"Miss Luther," I said, "why did you not inform your mistress at once of what you had seen, without waiting for her to ask about the lost money?"

"Because I could not at once make up my mind to expose the poor girl," she answered promptly.

"You say you looked through the keyhole and saw her take the money?"

"Yes, sir."

"Where did she place the lamp when she did so?"

"On the bureau."

"In your testimony you said she stooped down when she picked it up What do you mean by that?"

The girl hesitated, and finally she said she did not mean anything, only that she picked up the lamp.

"Very well," said I; "how long have you been with Mrs. Naseby?"

"Not quite a year, sir."

"How much does she pay you a week?"

"A dollar and three-quarters."

"How much have you taken up any of your pay since you have been here?"

"Yes, sir."

"How much?"

"I don't know, sir."

"Why don't you know."

"How should I? I have taken it at different times, just as I wanted it, and kept no account."

"Now, if you had wished to harm the prisoner, could you have raised twenty-five dollars to put in her trunk?"

"No, sir," she replied with virtuous indignation,

"Then you have not laid up any money since you have been there?"

"No, sir, only what Mrs. Naseby may owe me."

"Then you did not have any twenty-five dollars when you came there?"

"No, sir; and what's more, the money found in the girl's trunk was the money Mrs. Naseby lost. You might have known that, if you'd remember what you asked her." This was said very sarcastically, and was intended as a crusher upon the idea that she should have put the money in the prisoner's trunk. However I was not overcome entirely.

"Will you tell me if you belong to this State?"

"I do, sir."

"In what town?"

She hesitated, and for an instant the bold look forsook her. But she finally answered. "I next turned to Mrs. Naseby."

"Do you ever take a receipt from your girls when you pay them?"

"Always."

"Can you send and get one of them for me?"

"She has told you the truth, sir, about the payments," said Mrs. Naseby.

"O, I don't doubt it," I replied, "but particular proof is the thing for the court room. So, if you can, I wish you would procure the receipt."

She said she would willingly go if the Court said so. The Court did say so, and she went. Her dwelling was not far off, and she soon returned and handed me four receipts, which I took and examined. They were signed in a strange, staggering hand by the witness.

"Now, Nancy Luther," I said, turning to the witness, and speaking in a quick, startling tone, at the same time looking her sternly in the eye, "please tell the Court, and jury, and me, where you got the seventy-five dollars you sent in your letter to your sister in Somers?"

At this she started as though a volcano burst at her feet. She turned pale as death, and every limb shook violently. I waited until the people could have an opportunity to see her emotion, and then I repeated the question.

"I—never—sent—any," she gasped.

"You did!" I thundered, for I was excited now.

"I—I didn't," she faintly muttered, grasping the railing by her side for support.

"May it please your Honor and gentlemen of the jury," I said as soon as I looked the witness out of countenance, "I came here to defend a man who was arrested for robbing the mail, and in the course of my preliminary examinations I had access to the letters which had been torn open and robbed of money. When I entered upon this case, and heard the name of this witness pronounced, I went out and got this letter which I now hold, for I remembered having seen one bearing the signature of Nancy Luther. This letter was taken from the mail bag, and it contained seventy-five dollars, and by looking at the post-mark you will observe that it was mailed the day after the hundred dollars were taken from Mrs. Naseby's drawer. I will read it to you if you please."

The Court nodded assent, and I read the following, which was without date, save that made by the postmaster upon the outside. I give it verbatim:

"SISTER DORCUS:"

"I cend yu hear seventy-five dolers which I want yu to cepe for me till I cum hum I cant cepe it cos ina feered it will git stole, don't speek wun word to a liven sole bout this I don't want nobedee to no ive got eny money, yu wont wil yu. I am fust rate only that gude for nodh in snipe of liz madworth is hear yet—but I hop to git over her now. yu no I rote to yu bout her. giv my luv to all inquirin frens. this is frum yur sister till deth.

NANCY LUTHER."

"Now, your Honor," I said, as I gave him the letter, and also the receipts, "you will see that the letter is directed to Dorcas Luther, Somers, Montgomery county. And you will observe that one hand wrote that letter and signed the receipt, and the jury will also observe. And now I will only add, it is plain to see how the hundred dollars were disposed of. Seventy-five were sent off for safe keeping, while the remaining twenty-five dollars were placed in the prisoner's trunk, for the purpose of covering the real criminal. Of the tone of parts of the letter, you must judge. I now leave my client's case in your hands."

The case was given to the jury immediately following their examination of the letter. They had heard from the witness's own mouth that she had no money of her own, and with out leaving their seats they returned a verdict of "Not guilty."

I will not describe the scene that followed; but if Nancy Luther had not been immediately arrested for theft, she would have been obliged to seek protection of the officers, or the excited people would have mained her at least, if they had not done more. The next morning I received a note handsomely written, in which I was told that the within was but a slight token of the gratitude due me for my efforts in behalf of the poor, defenceless maiden. It was signed "Several Citizens," and contained one hundred dollars. Shortly afterwards the youth, who first begged me to take up the case, called upon me with all the money he could raise; but I showed that I had already been paid, and refused his hard earnings. Before I left town I was a guest at his wedding—my fair client being the happy bride.

The Canal Scenery of North Carolina—Fowls and Foliage.

A traveling correspondent of the Pittsburg *Commercial* writes as follows:

"On the steamer Cannon, we were off, bound for numerous places upon Albemarle sound and Roanoke river. The boat is a propeller, small and narrow, as befits a craft destined to navigate the tortuous little streams and narrow canals of this part of the country; but it is very neat, clean and comfortable, and is under the charge of agreeable officers and a cook of fair abilities, if not similar complexion. All day long we steamed on through this curious country, first up the Elizabeth river until it narrowed and shallowed into significance, and then through the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal, which is cut through the lowlands of eastern Virginia, just [illegible] of the great Dismal Swamp on its way. It is a rival—and apparently a successful one—of the famed Dismal Swamp canal, than which it is broader and deeper, and better adapted for the necessities of the trade from the North Carolina sounds and rivers. The old canal has six locks, while the new one has but one, and that seems to be their only one for the convenience of collecting tolls from passing vessels.

"As we pushed ahead between the banks, were somewhat covered with the close and interwined growth in the forest, but oftener thickly clad on both sides by dense masses of the graceful, drooping, feathery bog fennel, five or six feet in height, and filling the air with its fragrance, frequent gulls would flit by us, and now and then a duck, a kingfisher or a buzzard; and whenever one of these feathered wanderers approached, one of our fellow-passengers, a Fenian by birth, but a Virginian by grafting, would empty his loud-voiced fowling piece in his direction. No bird fell dead or seemed to be wounded before us, but the marksman assured us it was not his fault, but the fact that these Virginia birds could carry off their own weight of lead and never feel the worse of it. This is a singular fact in natural history, and one worthy of notice. We can bear witness to the fact that the gentleman who shot said he was an unerring marksman. We saw him shoot a great number of times, and we saw the birds fly off apparently unharmed.

"As the sun went down and we were free from the canal in the broad waters of Currituck sound, the sunset was superb. The waters rippled in millions of waves, and colored in the richest of dyes. The whole landscape was one wide expanse of rich color and beauty, and when, after passing through one short canal, we steamed down the great North river and up the majestic Albemarle sound, with its numerous lights and buoys, the moon rose full and grand, and shone upon a scene whose beauty it would indeed be hard to surpass. In fact when we reached our destination—Jamesville, Martin county, North Carolina—we were agreed, and still hold to the opinion, that it would be difficult indeed to find a journey to any place within our Eastern States which combind more variety, beauty, novelty and comfort than the one which we had just completed."

Josh Billing's Maxims

To make good sharp pickles, whittle oph both ends ov them to a point.

Blessed are they who have no eye for a keyhole.

Tew freshen a salt mackerel, tow him one summer behind a steambote.

It iz human to err, but devilish to brag on it.

A gentleman iz a gentleman the world over; it iz only the loafers that differ.

To learn a dog tew follow well, tie him tew the hind end of an express train.

A dog is the only thing on this earth that luvs yu more than he luvs himself.

Opinyuns are like turnips, worth what they fetch,

Courage without discreshun is like a ram with horns on both ends, he will hav more fights on hand than he ken do justiss tew.

Sekrets are kussed poor property enny how; if you cirkulate them yu loze them, and if yu keep them yu luze the interest of the investment.

When yu find a man who iz very solisitus about the welfare ov every budy, yu kan safely put him down az one who iz hunting a misfortune.

Don't undertake tew live with yure mother-in-law; but if wusi cumes tew a wusness, let yure mother-in-law live with yu.

Lazyness iz a good deal like money—the more a man haz of it the more he seems tew want.

Postmaster General's Report.

The report of Postmaster General Cresswell, is concise and clear in statement, interesting in its statistics, and contains recommendations which commend themselves to to the consideration of Congress and the public.

He shows that the affairs of his department are in a healthy, and, in fact, a steadily improving condition. The revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30 were $19,77,220 65, and the expenditures of all kinds $23,998,837 63, leaving a deficiency of only $4,226,616 98 as a deficiency of $5,353,620 78 for the fiscal year 1869. The increase of revenue for the year 1870 over the year 1869 was $1,427,709 93, or 7.78 per cent., and the increase of expenditures $300,706 13, or 1.32 per cent., showing a net increase in revenue of $1,127,003 80. The increase in revenue for 1870 over the year 1868 was $3,476,619 85,21,35 per cent., and the increase of expenditures for the year 1870 over 1868 was $1,268,244 98, or 5.57 per cent. The increase in revenue for 1870, as compared with 1869, was less than the increase for 1869, as compared with 1868, by $624,199 99; and the increase in expenditures for 1870, compared with 1869, was less than the increase for 1869, compared with 1868, by $666,833 72. The increase in the issue of stamps, stamped envelopes and wrappers in the fiscal year 1870 over 1869 was $1,395,068 50, and the value of stamps and stamped envelopes lost in the mails was $918 30. which is much less than the amount of similar losses in 1869.

He recommends the passage of a law to increase the pay of railroad companies for carrying the mails, and supports the recommendation by sound reasons. A contract between a government and its citizens is or should be as free a transaction as a contract between private individuals, and the fact that many of the railroad companies find the pay so inadequate that they have no desire to take the contracts for carrying the mail results in an inefficient performance of the work, which undoubtedly occasions a far greater loss to the Department than can be offset by the trifling saving of expense thus effected, besides subjecting citizens to great inconveniences and annoyances through irregularities and delays in the delivery of the mails.

He favors legislation to encourage the re-establishment of American lines of trans-Atlantic steamships for the transportation of the U. S. mails to Europe.

On the subject of the frankling privilege the Postmaster General does not seem to have changed his mind. He still favors its abolition, and expresses the opinion that if it were repealed the department would soon become self-sustaining, and in time prove a source of revenue instead of a yearly burden to the government.

He recommends the adoption of the system of "correspondence," or "postal cards," which is in use in Great Britain and North Germany. These cards designed by mail, are ruled on one side for the address, on the other for the communication, and are stamped. In Great Britan their price is a half-penny each, which includes the cost of transportation and delivery by the postoffice. If they could be afforded at as cheap a rate in this country the system might become popular, as it would undoubtedly be, in a great many cases, convenient and useful.

The postal money order system has proved a success. The number of money order officers has nearly doubled since the last fiscal year; and over thirty-four million dollars were, under this system, safely and promptly transmitted during the present year. The fees received for the issue of these orders amounted to nearly a quarter million dollars, which was an excess of ninety odd thousand dollars, over the expense of carrying on the system, so that while the moneyorder branch for the service is a very great convenience to the community at large, it is also a positive source of revenue to the department. There are a number of other interesting facts stated and suggestions made by the Postmaster General in connection with this system, which will well repay persual, and may be found at length in the printed report.

The postage between Grtat Britain, the Netherlands, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland and the North German Union has been reduced from twelve to six cents; which is especially important in the case of Great Britain and North Germany, between which countries and the United States a very large amount of correspondence takes place. Direct postal intercourse with France has been suspended since January 1, 1870, in consequence of the abrogation of the postal convention with that country. This, it is hoped, will be remedied by the government of France when peace shall be restored to the country.

There are many other points in the report which we have not space to notice.

In a recent letter Gov. Alcorn, of Mississippi, says that "for the sake of the very manliness of the people with whom he is identified by pride, he will, if sustained by the Legislature, sink the State in financial ruin rather than behold it, in the teeth of his oath of office, dragged under the heels of a terroism which obtains a surrender of the first condition of liberty—law and order—to the masks of the banditti that prowl about at midnight to illuminate the splendid chivalry of Mississippi by assassinating, from time to time, in his lonely cabin one of its helpless and toiling poor.

The birth of another monstrosity has been announced as having occurred in Tennessee. State Senator Patterson is responsible for the statement that a double-headed child was born last month in the vicinity of Shelbyville. He gives no particulars as to sex. Apropos of this subject the Shelbyville *Rescue* says: "Our readers will remember that it was in this vicinity that the famous double-headed calf was produced a year or two ago."

Another flogging scene was witnessed at Newcastle, Del., on Saturday last. Eight men received from ten to twenty lashes each. In reporting the "exhibition," the Wilmington *Commercial* says: "The new Sheriff lays on the cat-o'-nine tails with more vigor than his predecessor did, but still with nothing like the barbarous severity which used to characterize these disgraceful proceedings."

The projected home for the Boston poor, it is estimated, will cost $223,000.

The King of Saxony has assented to the proposition that King William assume the title of Emperor of Germany.

Who Whipped.

Joe Seteson was a wild, frollicking fellow who spent most of his time in drinking and spreeing, while his wife, Polly, was left at home to do the chores. Upon a certain occasion Joe left home to be back, as he said, that night. Night came, but Joe did not. The next day passed; about sunset Joe came up in the worst condition possible—his clothes were dirty and torn, one eye in deep mourning, and his face presenting more the appearance of a piece of raw meat than anything else. Polly met him at the door and, noticing his appearance, exclaimed:

"Why, Joe, what in the world is the matter?"

"Polly," said Joe, "do you know Jim Andrews? Well, him and me had a fight."

"Who whipped, Joe?" asked Polly.

"Polly, we had the hardest fight you ever did see. I hit him and he hit me, and then we clenched; ain't supper most ready? I ain't had anything since yesterday morning."

"But first tell me who whipped, Joe," continued Polly.

"Polly," continued Joe, "I tell you, you never did see such a fight as me and him had. When he clinched me, I jerked loose from him and then gin him three or four of the all-sufficientest kicks you ever heard of. Polly ain't supper most ready? I'm nearly starved."

"Joe; do tell me who whipped," continued Polly.

"Polly," replied Joe, "you don't know nothing about fighting. I tell you we fought like tigers; we rolled and tumbled—first him on top and then me—then the boys would pat me on the shoulder and holler, 'Oh, my! Seteson!' We gouged and bit, and tore up the dirt in Seth Runnel's grocery yard worse nor two wild bulls. Polly ain't supper most ready? I'm monstrous hungry."

"Joe Seteson," exclaimed Polly, in a tone bristling with anger, "will you tell me who whipped?"

"Polly," said Joe, drawing a very long sigh "I hollered."

A Texas Editor and a Clean Shirt.

Editors, wear told, have a first-rate time in Texas. The ladies of a town out there have given to the editor of the paper an embroidered shirt, which contains a pictorial history of Texas, including the war with Mexico, and meeting of the first Legislature, and also pictures of the fruits and cereals of the State, all worked in red and worsted. The editor never wore a shirt in his life, and he thought it was a banner for the temperance procession which was to come off the next week. So he made a little speech of thanks, in which he said he would "fling it out for ever to the breezes of heaven, that they might kiss its folds, and that, until his hand palsied, it should never be trailed in the dust—never." The ladies didn't understand him; and when and said they were very sorry they made it too long. But a committeeman took the editor aside and explained the shirt to him in a whisper, and the next day he appeared at the office with that shirt mounted over his coat, and wrote four columns of explanation for his paper. The shirt is much admired by the boys of the town, and when-ever the editor goes out for a walk they follow him in regiments, studying the history of Texas and the fine arts off the back of it.

FALLING IN LOVE.—The man who likes chatty women finds his doom in a girl who never opens her lips; the cynic who hates bread and butter trembles before a miss in her teen; the prim young neophyte of the parsonage worships the noisiest of Dianas. No doubt there is method in all this madness, and a philosopher yet to come will rescue this bit of outlaying existence from the realm of caprice; but as yet nobody has brought love within the calculation of chances. It is just as impossible as it was in the days of our forefathers to predict whom we shall fall in love with. It is still as difficult as it ever was to decide who is likely to fall in love with us. The only result which comes of meditation on the subject is a sort of conviction that under certain perfectly inexplicable conditions it is possible for anybody to fall in love with anybody else.

A

NORTH CAROLINIAN

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN. :::::: Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Dec. 22, 1870.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

W. H. Beckham, Proprietor of the Star Advertising Agency, Wilmington, N. C., is authorized to receive advertisements for this paper at our lowest cash rates.

IMMIGRATION—LET IT COME SOUTH.

Ever since men began to multiply on the earth it has been their wont to migrate from one place or country to another. Different causes have impelled people of different localities and nationalities to change their place of abode. Those who followed a pastoral life in the early ages of the world, when men's wealth consisted principally of their flocks and herds, were driven by the immense increase of the animals which they had to depasture to change their location from time to time, a circumstance which contributed in no small degree to the distribution of a population among the different countries and nations of the earth. Others, in latter times, have been forced to leave the land of their nativity on account of ecclesiastical intolerance and persecution, or political oppression, and the abridgement of those civil rights to the exercise of which they were entitled as free men. But it is not our intention to give a history of emigration from the days of Lot down through the Phoenicians, Egyptians, Grecians and Romans to the present time. Our present object is to call attention to the almost incalculable advantage of immigration to this section of the South, which now offers greater advantage, and evidently presents superior attractions to the people of the North—those who have growing families they would settle with homes around them, or those wishing to embark in Agriculture with limited capital. Our climate, soil and agricultural resources hold out inducements to emigrants which few other countries can present. The shortness of the voyage here and the cheapness of the transportation are further considerations in our favor. It takes but a little time and costs but a trifling sum, comparatively speaking, to move here from the Northern States, especially from New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

And from these States an immigration has began and is being steadily kept up. Not only is the native society here of the very best kind but it has been so augmented by the influx of worthy families and individuals from the North as to make strangers from either of the States enumerated *feel at home* at once. This, to those who break away from endearing social ties and relationships, is a consideration not to be under valued.

Now is the time to come. Enterprising young men who would provide for [illegible] will find an opening here unsurpassed anywhere. Here is a land of agricultural, commercial and manufacturing possibilities equalling the best, and it only needs capital and enterprise to make them successful realities. They are already developing. For those who are frugal and industrious here is an opportunity for amassing wealth in abundance.

FRUITS OF GRANT'S ADMINISTRATION.

The monthly statement of the condition of the Nation's finances, the heavy reserve in the Treasury, and the steady payment of our bonds, not only show that the Administration of Gen. GRANT is continuing to bring forth good fruit, but they furnish a very acceptable subject for contemplation. It is not alone that this *expose* shows us that the revenues are being collected with rigid integrity, that a complete change in the *personel* and character of the public service has been secured; it is not all these, but the surprising exhibit that with a revenue reduced more than two hundred millions by Congress since the new Administration came in power, the balance in the "strong box," after paying all demands and reducing the debt over *one hundred and sixty-four millions*, is still swollen to nearly *one hundred and twenty-six millions*. Is it any wonder the people continue to have confidence in Gen. GRANT and his Administration?

ANOTHER EVIDENCE OF PARTISAN MADNESS.

On the 12th inst., the Democratic Senate of North Carolina committed an act unparalleled in history for partisan unfairness and inconsistency. It declared the seat of WM. A. SMITH, one of the Senators from the 26th District vacant, while it allows the other Senator from the same District—Mr. GILMER—to retain his seat, and this too in the face of the fact that he was elected by *three hundred less votes* than were given to Mr. SMITH. The reason is; one is a Republican, the other is a Democrat. We doubt whether there is an instance on record of such unjust and partisan discrimination. All such acts must recoil upon the heads of the party thus offending. No wonder Dr. SPEED—partisan as he is—refused to commit himself to the infamy. His position was much more consistent—that the seats of *both* Senators should be declared vacant.

THE LITTLE CORPORAL MAGAZINE for December closes the eleventh volume of that brilliant juvenile. The Magazine has now been published five years and a half, and has attained an unprecedented popularity and circulation. It is now enlarged, improved, and beautifully illustrated. The November and December numbers of 1870 are offered free to all who subscribe now for the next year. Don't fail to give your children this sterling juvenile magazine. It is published in Chicago, Illinois, by Sewell & Miller, at one dollar and a half a year, 15 cents for a single copy. Beautiful and generous premiums are given for clubs.

The "Conservatives" in this State have just seven political principles—*five loaves and two fishes.*

THE TWO PARTIES.

The Republican party is the party of progress, the party of liberal ideas; the Democratic party is the party of old fogy conservatism—that which would have things as they were, destroy all the changes that have been made, upset all the reforms that have been accomplished, and restore things to the place they occupied when they were turned out of power. And this has always been so. There have always been the two parties—the party of progress and the party of holdbacks. Whilst one portion of the community is willing to go forward, another portion wants things to remain as they are. It has been so in the past; it will remain so in the future.

Then what folly to talk about the Republican party having fulfilled its mission. So long as Progress and Conservatism confront each other; so long as there are wrongs to be righted and a party exists that opposes the righting of them; so long as there are abuses in government to be reformed, and men will oppose the uprooting of them; so long as the changes already accomplished remain causes of political hostility and a party stands ready to over-turn them and re-establish what has been abolished; just so long will the Republican party have an unfulfilled mission, and just so long will its continued existence remain a political necessity.

By the proceedings of the Legislature it will be seen that the threat to impeach the Governor is being carried out. The shrewder ones of the party already see that it is a political blunder, but they had so far committed themselves that they could not well back off. It will not only cost the State Fifty Thousand Dollars, but it will result in bringing to light many things the Democracy with all their braggadocia, do not wish made public, neither of which will add anything to Democratic capital in the next campaign. During the trial Chief Justice PEARSON will preside, and Hon. TOD R. CALDWELL will be acting Governor.

The report of the United States Commissioner of Education is an interesting document, embodying the latest information and the best practical suggestions in regard to the general cause of education. The report embraces all the topics which come appropriately under the purview of the practical educator. The work in the South, among the Indians, and in the Territories is carefully and thoroughly considered and suitable Congressional action recommended. The report also treats of a National University Teacher's Association, College Statistics, &c., &c.

The Richmond *Enquirer* still insists that Virginia politicians must have a voice in the Democratic Party of the country. It expresses the belief that if Virginian intellect and Virginian purpose can have its proper influence over that organization, the party certainly will not be inferior to what it is—nay, that it may improve. How very modest those Virginia Democrats are to be sure.

An important bill has been introduced in the Legislature to punish Railroad officers for embezzlement and other offences. Our past experience proves that something of the sort is needed.

We see that the Conservative party is determined to have a Convention. It is unwise and will cost the State a large sum that could better be otherwise appropriated.

We call especial attention to the announcement of the *New York Times* on our last page. It is one of the ablest and best conducted news papers of the country.

Gen. ALFRED PLEASANTON, of New York, has been appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

A correspondent of the New York *Sun* says that Gov. VANCE has written to a friend in the Senate asking what his prospects will be for admission if he does not get his disabilities removed, and adding that he does not desire to visit Washington to be snuffed out and insulted by a body of "Radical usurpers." His friend wrote that, as it now stands, he has no chance for admission. Of course not.

New Books, Periodicals, &c.

MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER is justly claimed to be the largest, best and cheapest Rural, Literary and Family Newspaper, and no journal of its class ever merited or achieved a more prosperour career. Founded at Rochester in 1850, by its present Conductor, the RURAL NEW-YORKER has annually gained in popularity and improved in style and contents, until it is, in all respects, the leading and standard journal in its sphere. Two years ago its principal office was located in New York City, (where greater publishing facilities are obtainable,) the paper vastly improved, and enlarged from eight to sixteen pages of five columns each (eighty columns)—making it the largest illustrated Journal in America. The RURAL now issues two volumes annually, *each* containing as much Reading Matter, and more and better Illustrations, than were formerly given in a whole year. It combines, in one sheet, (and at one price and postage to the subscriber,) a greater quantity and variety of first-class reading, interspersed with fine engravings, than *several* ordinary papers. Thus it is not only the largest and best, but by far the *cheapest* paper of its class. A contemporary well says; —"Everything about the RURAL NEW-YORKER indicates progress. In all that pertains to, Agriculture, Horticulture and Rural Life, it has no competitor worthy of the name, while its columns are always filled with well written miscellany, tales and papers on art and science, together with a synopsis of the news." Indesd, as another says, "MOORE'S RURAL is the most elegantly printed, ably edited, widely circulated and heartily welcomed paper, as a whole, which now finds its way among the people."

Subscription $3 a year or $2.50 in Clubs. Address D. D. T. MOORE, 41 Park Row, New York.

VALERIE AYLMER. By Christian Reid. D. APPLETON & Co.

A story of a Louisiana belle who is somewhat inconsistant, very self-willed, but withal exceedingly charming. The development of the finer and deeper nature of a spoiled darling of fashion is traced with a good deal of skill, and, aided as it is, by incidents at once varied and interesting, there is little difficulty experienced in bestowing upon the book unflagging attention. The characters groubed around the heroine are recognizable men and women, which is no slight praise in these days of stereotyped portraiture. The dialogue is in the main appropriate, and kept strictly within the limits of the requirements of the narrative. Altogether the book forms a very creditable addition to the stock of native fiction.

IN DUTY BOUND. By the author of "Mark Warren," &c. Illustrated. Harper & Brothers.

To any one who is fond of the excitement of keeping the thread of three different stories in his mind at the same time, we recommend the perusal of this volume. A proper selection of chapters may enable him to avoid this exercise by taking each of the naratives seperately. It will thus be seen that the book has the rare advantage of serving as three distinct novels, or as one, according to the discretion of the reader. This evident merit must be conceded to it. The chapters are short, pithy and full of action.

The Legislature.

On the 11th in the Senate, Mr. Speed presented a petition from Sarah Mann, widow of the late Wm. E. Mann, sheriff of Pasquotank. The resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to consolidate the public debt was passed.———In the House the joint committee on Public Printing reported they had contracted with the *Sentinel* on the following terms:

Plain work, 75 cents per thousand.

Rule and figure work, $1.50 per thousand.

Press work, 75 cents per token (240 impressions.

For binding works of the size of the acts of 1868–'69, full sheep, 75 cents.

The acts of 1869–'70, full sheep, 60 cents.

The acts of 1869–'70, half sheep, 20 cents.

The acts of 1869–'70, paper, 10 cents.

House Journals, 1890 '70, full, 60 cents.

For folding and stitching bills, documents, &c., per 1000 of 8 page form, 10 cents per thousand. Which was adopted.

On the 12th in the Senate the special order being the election in Alamance and Guilford, was taken up. The report of the details of the elections were first read. Mr. Robbins, of Rowan, read a minority report, setting forth that the Senate has declared the election in the district legal; but that there was no legal election in Alamance; therefore, Mr. Gilmer is entitled to his seat; John A. Moore has waived his claim, and Mr. Smith never had any. Mr. Speed submitted a minority report that there was no legal election in the district, for the reason that there was no civil law in force under which a valid election could be held, the Governor having declared one county in a state of insurrection; both seats are vacant. Mr, Brogden made a minority report setting forth that these two counties constitute one district, and that there could not be an election of a Senator in one county and not in the other. Two Senators were elected or none. He was satisfied that both Senators were entitled to their seats. Several Senators discussed the question at great length. The Senate then refused to adopt Mr Brogden's resolution, declaring both Senators entitled to their seats. Ayes 13, nays 25. The Senate rejected the resolution of Mr. Speed declaring both seats vacant. Ayes 14, nays 23. And adopted the resolution retaining Mr. Gilmer and unseating Mr. Smith. Yeas 21, nays 16. Nothing of general interest in the House.

On the 14th but little done in the Senate. In the House Mr. Sparrow, from the Judiciary Committe, introduced a report and resolution in refeaence to the impeachment of Gov. W. W. Holden for high crimes, and recommend its passage. The following is the report:

The Judiciary Committee to whom was referred on the 9th of December the following resolution, namely.

Resolved, That William W. Holden, Governor of North Carolina, be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors in office; have considered the same and submit the following report:

That William W. Holden, Governor of of North Carolina, unmindful of his oath of office, did in July last, organize, arm and equip, a military force, not recognized by and in subversion of the Constitution of the State of North Carolina; which military force so unlawfully organized, was not kept under subordination to and governed by the civil power, but was, by order of the said William W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid made paramount to and subservient of the civil authority.

That the said William W. Holden, Governor as aforesaid, did in the months of July and August last, without lawful warrant and authority and in defiance and subversion of the Constitution, arrest and imprison many of the peaceable and law-abiding citizens of the State, depriving them of their liberties and privileges, and did cause certain of said citizens so unlawfully arrested and imprisoned to be subjected to cruel and unusual punishments.

The said William W. Holden, Governer aforesaid, denied to citizens, unlawfully restrained of their liberty by his authority, all remedy in the lawfulness thereof; and in definance of the constitution, the laws, the process of the courts, he suspended the privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus*, claiming that he was Governor by "supreme law," whereby he could suspend the privileges of the said writ, when in his opinion the safety of the State required it.

In view of the matters herein set forth, combining historical facts, with statements contained in public documents, and the records of the Public Departments and the Courts, the undersigned, members of the comittee, who are a majority thereof, are of the opinion, that William W. Holden, Governor of the State of North Carolina, be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors. They, therefore, recommend to the House the adoption of the resolution.

H. T. Jordan, T. Sparrow, J. W. Dunham, G. W. Broadfoot, R. P. Warning, Lee M. McAfee, J. G. Scott, S. A. Ashe, W. P. Welch, J. D. Stanford, D. Settle, G. H. Gregory, F. N. Studwick, C. M. Long, T. McCauley, T. D. Johnson. After a and spicy debate the resolution was adopted by a vote of 60 to 43.

On the 15th in the Senate a committee from the House of Representatives announced that the House had instructed a committee to draft articles of impeachment against the Governor, and that such articles would be drawn.

The President inquired of the committee if articles of impeachment had been prepared.

The committee informed the chair that they had not, but would be prepared in due time.

The President then read the law and announced that in his judgement the Senate could not properly act until articles were drawn and presented.

Mr. Warren moved that it be announced to the House that the message has been received, and the Senate will consider it and take proper order thereon. The motion prevailed and the committee withdrew.

In the House Mr. Sparrow introduced the following resolutions, which were adopted.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to go to the Senate, and at the bar thereof, in the name of the House of Representatives and of all the people of the State of North Carolina, to impeach William W. Holden, Governor of North Carolina of high crimes and misdemeanors in office, and acquaint the Senate that the House of Representatives will, in due time, exhibit particular articles of impeachment and make good the same; and that the Senate take order for the appearance of said Willirm W. Holden to answer to said impeachment.

Resolved 2*d*. That a committee of seven be appointed to prepare and report articles of impeachment against William W. Holden Governor of the State of North Carolina, with power to send for persons, papers and records, and to take testimony under oath. On motion of Mr. Sykes the rules were suspended and a resolution in favor Mr. G. H. Mitchell, from Hertford, was taken up, and adopted. The committee to prepare articles of impeachment, is as follows: Messrs. Dunham, Scott, Waring, Broadfoot, McAffee, Jordan and Gregory.

On the 16th in the Senate the bill concerning elections was passed. The bill restricts the ballot by permitting registered voters to be chalenged on the day of election, and also by compelling citizens to vote at the precinct where they reside. The Senate then chose Messrs. Warren, Graham, Lehman, Dargan and Merrimon, as a select committee on impeachment.———In the House the Senate bill for the releif of Thos. F. Baxter, sheriff of Currituck, from the fines and penalties incurred for not settling his taxes according to law, was taken up and passed its third readings.

On the 17th nothing of interest in the Senate.———In the House the Wilmington bill was passed. [This bill takes the election of Mayor from the people, and gives it to the Aldermen. No Freedman can be an Alderman, for the bill specifies that Aldermen must be "either native or naturalized citizens."]

Congress.

On the 12th in the Senate a resolution was offered by Gen. Schurz in favor of the removal of political disabilities, and its consideration deferred for some days. A resolution was offered by Mr. Morton and ordered to lie on the table, authorizing the President to appoint a commission to visit San Domingo to gather in formation regarding the island and report the same to the President. An investigation was also ordered respecting the Arlington estate of the late Gen. Lee, and the respective claims of Mrs. Lee and the United States Government to the same.——In the House Mr. Logan introduced a bill for the abolition of the office of Admiral and Vice-Admiral in the navy. A debate of considerable length arose on this bill, in which some severe animadversions were made on the conduct of Admiral Porter, particularly by Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts. Finally, on motion of Mr. Logan, the rules were suspended, and the bill passed. A resolution was offered by Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, and referred to the committee on Foreign Affairs, authorizing the appointment of a commission to inquire into the expediency of negotiating for the acquisition of San Domingo. A resolution in favor of the abolition of the present revenue system as soon as consistent with the credit of the Government was adopted by a vote of 164 to 6.

On the 13th in the Senate Mr. McCreery asked leave to introduce his resolution looking to the removal of the Union dead from Arlington and the restitution of the estate to the family of the late Robert E. Lee. Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, characterized the proposition involved in the resolution as "perfectly monstrous," whereupon Mr. McCreery delivered a glowing eulogy on the character of Gen. Lee, classing him with Hampden and Sydney, "upon the list of martyrs in the sacred cause of right." This address drew forth remarks from Senators Edmunds, Morton, Scott, Thayer, Sumner and others in the opposite strain condemning the course of Gen. Lee in the most emphatic terms, and deprecating any attempt to remove the dead from Arlington, or to restore the property to the family of the "traitor." Mr. Sumner regarded the resolution as indicative of the sentiments of Mr. McCreery's political associates, and warned the country against the spirit which showed itself in this proposition. After these speeches, Mr. McCreery proposed to withdraw his resolution, but Mr. Edmunds raised the point that the yeas and nays having been already ordered, it had gone beyond his control. A motion of Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, to lay the resolution on the table, was rejected, by a vote of 49 to 9, and Mr. McCreery's request for leave to introduce it was refused—yeas 4, nays 54.———In the House the bill for the revision of the Postal laws was taken up, and the debate continued on the amendment abolishing the franking privilege. An amendment to this, allowing the free exchange of newspapers and periodicals, was adopted, and the original amendment then passed by a vote of 103 to 65. A proposition to reduce postage on letters to two cents was rejected, and, after some further changes in details, the whole bill passed without a division.

On the 14th in the Senate Mr. Fenton offered resolutions, which were adopted, instituting searching investigations into the cost of collecting the Customs revenue of the country, and the amount of money received and paid out at the several custom-houses. The House resolution to adjourn from Dec. 22 to Jan. 4 was concurred in.———In the House the greater part of the day was spent in discussing the question of holding a great international exhibition of the one hundredth anniversary of our national independence, and in considering the general Amnesty bill.

On the 15th in the Senate the most of the day was taken up by a speech of Mr. Schurz, of Missouri. His resolution in favor of the removal of political disabilities, in which he gave an account of the recent canvass in Missouri, and defending the action of himself and his associates in dividing the Republican Party there. He declared himself still an adherent of that party and a supporter of the Administration, and expressed the hope that the Republicans would yet form the party of the future. Mr. Drake rose to reply, but gave way to allow for adjournment.———In the House, the debate on Mr. Butler's Amnesty bill was continued.

In the Senete on the 16 a communication from Mr. Drake was laid before the House, in which he aunounced that, on the 13th inst., he had transmitted to the Governor of Missouri his resignation as a Senator, to take effect on the 19th. A memorial from merchants of Boston adverse to the annexation of San Domingo, was presented by Mr. Sumner. The various bills for the abolition of the Income tax were reported adversely from the Finance Committee, and placed on the calendar. The bill to incorporate the Southern Express Company, after debate and amendment, was passed. The resolution of Mr. Schurz, on general amnesty, was then taken up, and the floor was given to Mr. Drake to reply to the speech of Mr. Schurz. At the conclusion, Mr. Drake took a formal farewell of the Senate, preparatory to entering upon his new office as Chief-Justice of the Court of Claims. Mr. Schurz made a brief reply, and the Senate, after an Executive Session, adjourned till Monday.

In the House a bill was introduced and referred to the Committee on Commerce, to encourage ship-owning and ship-building, by admitting to American registry ships over 2,000 tons burden, wherever built, and to admit, free of duty, ship-building and engine materials for ships of over 2,000 tons, the latter to be admitted to the coasting trade, but not the former. The Reconstruction Committee reported a bill to relieve from politieal disabilities twenty-five persons, mainly citizens of Virginia, and including W. K. Turner, of Nashville, Tenn., Judge of the Davidson County Court, which was passed. The bill reported on Thursday, by Mr. Hooper, regulating the duties on sugar, and which changes the existing law by striking out the words "Raw or Muscovado," permitting a classification solely by numbers, was passed. It leaves to the Secretary of the Treasury of duty of prescribing the mode of taking samples. The Cherokee lands in Kansas, have again been brought into the House by a bill to dispose of the lands to actual settlers only. The House at 2½ P. E., adjourned till Monday.

Foreign War News.

From the papers of the 13th Gen Chauzy, in command of one-half the Army of the Loire, reports on the 8th inst., that he had, that day, repulsed an attack of Prince Frederick Charles along his whole front, from St. Laurent Beaugency. M. Gambetta telegraphs from Tours to Bordeaux that Gen. Chauzy continue to resist Prince Frederick Charles, taking many prisoners and inflicting heavy loss, and that with only half the army of the Loire, and from this asks the country to infer how false the German reports that the Army of the Loire is crushed, are. A London telegram says it is considered impossible to relieve Paris from the Provinces, and since the retreat of the Army of the Loire all hopes are lost. The capitulation is regarded by the Germans as a matter of time, and when it occurs the King will return to Berlin. It is said the bombardment of the city has been determined on. The Belfort garrison continues its heroic resistance.

From the papers of the 14th a London dispatch of the 11th, says the French made a fierce attack on the Germans, near Meung on the Loire, but were repulsed. Reports from German sources represent the pursuit of the French, since the last fight, as impeded by the large quantities of stores, guns, arms and clothing abandoned by the enemy in their retreat. A general advance of all the troops in the south of France is to be ordered. M. Gambetta has gone to Bourges. He says Chauzay is making a determined resistance. French accounts say Paris is supplied with food enough to last until February. A Berlin dispatch says the bombardment will be put in force solely for military reasons. A Versailles dispatch, of the 10th, says the French who had resumed to offensive before Paris, were repulsed at nightfall, after a day's artillery fight, with the loss of a few prisoners. The capture of Ham, with a detachment of Germans and some artillery, by the French, is announced in the same telegram. Arms intended for France have been seized in Belgium.

From the papers of the 15th we learn that the King telegraphs to the Queeen in Berlin, on the 13th inst., that after four days of fighting around Beaugency, the French retired to Blois and Tours, having suffered severe losses. The German batteries are said to cover every part of Paris now, and the opening of the bombardment is to begin to-day. The defense of Havre by the French is deprecated by the London *Shipping Gazette* as useless destruction of property. The Germans are said to be within sixteen miles of the town. Plalsbourg, one of the two remaining strongholds of the French in the north-east, has capitulated, the German troops occupying the town on the 13th.

The threatened occupation of Luxembourg by the Prussians excites much comment in England. The proceeding is urged by Count von Bismarck as a military necessity, and the consent of the King of Holland is said to have been obtained.

From the papers of the 16th we learn a sortie of greater magnitude than any previous one is rumored in Bordeaux to have just been made from Paris, with unexpected success. The Prussians moving on Havre were hurriedly retiring at the latest date. The excitement in Bordeaux was intense, but nothing official relating to Paris was made public. Among the rumors is one that an Aid-de-Camp of Gen. Trochu had reached Bordeaux. Another dispatch says the Germans recently menacing Tours were retreating toward Paris the Germans on the left bank of the Loire had occupied Contras, Montrichard and Ramorantin. They were also said to have bombarded Blois and to have occupied a suburb of Tours—M. Gambetta was at Blois when the Germans summoned it to surrender, but he ordered a defense and blew up the bridge. This decision was made necessary as a protection to Gen. Chauzy's army, moving toward the west, where heavy reinforcements would be received. The occupation of Blois by the Germans is said to be confirmed in a London telegram. Dispatches from Havre report that city and Honfleur quiet. Thirty thousand men have been sent forward to confront the Germans. Montmedy has surrendered to the Germans, a breach having been battered in the walls by the besiegers.

From the papers of the 17th we learn that the Bordeaux Government has telegraphed to the Prefects that on Wednesday the Duke of Mecklenburg attacked Freteval, between Chateaudun and Vendome, carrying the place; that it was retaken by the French the following day; that afterward the Duke and Prince Frederick Charles having united their forces attacked the French position near Vendome, the battle continuing till night, with heavy loss to the Prussians. The feeling in Paris is said to be good, the depressing effect of the reverses on the Loire having passed. The people urge more frequent sorties. Fresh provisions to last to February are on hand, and other discriptions sufficient for six months. It is thought that Gen. Mamteuffel is moving on Caen and Cherbourg. Gen. De Paladines has retired from the service and gone to his estates. Count Bismarck is to be made a Duke. He is said to prefer his own name as a ducal title, but the King urges him to accept the title of Duke of Strasbourg. The Bavarian Chamber has voted an additional military credit of 41,020,000 florins. The Federal treaty was referred to a special committee.

From the papers of the 19th the Germans are represented by the French to be retreating along the Valley of the Loire. It is asserted in London, on the strength of dispatches from Versailles, that the delay in the opening of the bombardment of Paris is occasioned by a lack of ammunition, and it is said that the roads are so wet and heavy that none can be brought forward at present. From Lille it is reported that another successful sortie has been made from Paris. The French garrison at Belfort still holds out is said however, that the Germans have greatly improved their position of late. The French General commanding at Tours has been dismissed the service for evacuating the town before an enemy appeared near it.

General Summary.

A history of tobacco is announced in press, illustrated with fine cuts.

The Parisians not only "see the elephant," but they eat it as well.

Beecher lately got $500 for ten minutes work in marrying a couple.

Can a little girl weeping be called a *crisis*, or a Boston boy a hub-bub?

Three inches of snow fell in Memphis on the 16th, and four inches fell at Little Rock.

George Davis, a prominent Isrealite of Richmond, and a millionare, died on the 16th.

Ex-Gov. Oglesby and Gen. Logan are the leading candidates in Illinois for the Senate.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* is again complaining that New-England has the chairmanship of too many Senate Committees.

Mr. Cattell, in a letter to the New-Jersey Legislature, declines re-election to the United States Senate on account of continued ill-health.

A fire began at 3 A. M. on the 16th, in Bath, Me., and burned until twenty-five stores and eleven dwellings were distroyed. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

The inhabitants of Montevideo, Uruguay, were on the verge of starvation at the date of the latest advices, Nov. 15, in consequence of the seige of the insurgents.

Republican economy and retrenchment serve well in Pennsylvania, as is shown by the announcement by Gov. Geary, that during the year ending Nov 30, 1870, $1,602,321 of State bonds have been canceled.

Three white men wearing masks went to the house of Dabney Kinnell, four miles from Nashville, Tenn., on Tuesday night, to rob him. Kinnell struck one of the men and was shot dead.

Half the business part of Kentland Ind., was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning, the loss amounting to about $250,000. The Post-office and the Kentland *Gazette* are among the buildings burned.

Canada is assured by the Ogdensburg *Journal* that it must abandon its restrictive rules and regulations relating to the fisheries, or our Government will take steps to vindicate its rights and to defend its citizens in the exercise of theirs.

The rights of our fishermen will be protected, says the Auburn *Advertiser*, "peaceably if we may, forcibly if we must. If peaceably," it continues, "Canada may still draw sustenance from the States; if forcibly, then she must care for herself. As her choice is, so shall her fate be."

The Indian Council at Ocmulgee, Indian Territory, was effected on the 11th inst. The chief subject of debate was a scheme to organize a territorial government embracing all the tribes. The plan is in conformity with all the laws of Congres since 1866, and contemplates the protection of the weak tribes against the strong, and is only to be established with the consent of all.

Thieves! Knaves!! Swindlers!!! These are mild terms with which to designate those adventurers, who have been induced by the high reputation which Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has won to offer for sale a worthless imitation of this celebrated medicine. Remember that Dr. Pierce's private stamp, which is three and a half inches long and has upon it his portrait, and the words "U. S. Certificete of Genuiness," is upon every package of the genuine. Sold by druggists or by mail sixty cents. Adhress Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT to all Yearly Subscribers to Appleton's Journal, published Weekly. Two Months Subscription Gratis. The Months of November and December, 1870, given gratis to all subscribers remitting $4. for the year 1871.

Any one desirous of making a trial of the Journal to see whether they like it, can have it for Two Months on remitting us Fifty Cents.

Picturesque America, consisting of splendidly executed viens of American Scenery, commenced in November. D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

GEN. ROBT. E. LEE'S LIFE. Nearly ready for publication, the Biography of Gen. Robt. R. Lee, by John Esten Cooke, author of "Life of Stonewall Jackson," "Wearing the Grey," etc. 1 vol., 8 vo., 500 pages, Illustrated. To be sold by subscription. Agents Wanted. D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

MASONIC BOOKS. Agents wanted. Send for Circulars. Address Masonic Pub. Co., 432 Roome St., New York.

HOLIDAY JOURNAL FOR 1870. Containes a Christmas Story. Splendid Plays, Magic Sports, &c.; 48 pages; illustrated. Sent FREE on receipt of one stamp for postage. Address ADAMS & CO., Publishers, Boston.

The Best Paper,
AND THE
Best Inducements!

This Quarter's 13 Numbers Sent Free to all subscribing, before Dec. 25, 1870, for next year's Fifty-Two Numbers of

MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER,

The Great Illustrated Rural and Family Weekly, for Town and Country.

The Rural, now in its 21st year, is not only the largest, best and cheapest, but by far the largest-circulating Journal of its class in the world! National in character, ably edited, superbly illustrated and printed, it is the

BEST AMERICAN WEEKLY!

It is the Standard Authority on all branches of Agriculture, Horticulture, &c. As a Literary and Family paper it is a favorite in many of the best families all over the Union, Canada, &c. Indeed, Moore's Rural *has no Rival in its Sphere*, and is the largest illustrated Journal on the Continent—each number containing sixteen five-column pages, (double the size of most papers of its class). It is THE paper for the East, West, North and South.

TERMS, INDUCEMENTS, &C.

TERMS—$3 a year of 52 Numbers, and only $2.50 in clubs of Ten. This Quarter's 13 Numbers sent Free, as offered above. Our club inducements for 1871 are unprecedented. Specimens, Premium Lists, &c., sent free to all forming clubs,—and we want a live club agent in every town. Address

D. D. T. MOORE, 41 Park Row, New York.

THE NEW YORK METHODIST

AN EIGHT PAGE WEEKLY.

Now is the eleventh year, publishes sermons, a serial story for the family, a new children's story every week, chats with the little folks, editorials by the best Methodist writers and others, Foreign and Domestic correspondence, full departments of religious and secular intelligence. Price $2.50 a year. Liberal premiums or cash commissions to canvassers. Subscriptions commence at any time. For specimen, enclose a two cent stamp to prepay postage. Address THE METHODIST,
114 Nassau St., N. Y.

SHORT HAND.

150 words in a minute. Send stamp to J. A. GRAY, P. O. Box 4847, New York.

DONT WASTE TIME AND LABOR BY using up an old Axe. Send $1.50 to LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL, Pittsburgh, Pa., and they will send a tip-top Axe, Expressage paid. Half a day lost in grinding will thus be saved.

FIRE HATS, Fatigue and Parade Caps, Belts, &c., of various styles at the old manufactory, 143 Grand St., N. Y. Established 1836. Send for ciaculars.
CAIRNS & BRO., Successors to H. T. GRATACAP.

PERKINS & HOUSE'S PATENT
NON-EXPLOSIVE METALIC
KEROSENE LAMP

Is absolutely safe from explosion or breaking, burns any coal oil, good or bad; gives more light, no odor, and uses less oil.

"It is perfectly non-explosive, gives a better light and is more economical than any other lamp in use." W. W. Wells, late Sup. Pub. Schools, Chicago.

"I intend substituting it throughout my house for the dangerous lamps now in use." Prof. W. H. Ruffner, Sup't Public Instruction, Richmond, Va.

The appalling deaths and fire from glass lamps exploding and breaking create a great demand for this lamp. It pays to sell it. Sold by Canvassers or Stores; Agents wanted everywhere. Send for full pauticulars. Address MONGOMERY & CO., Cleveland, Ohio, or 42 Barclay Street, N. Y.

1826 USE THE "VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM." 1870
The old standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption. "*Nothing Better.*" CUTLER BROS. & CO., Boston.

CHERRY PECTORAL TROCHES Are superior to all others for coughs, colds, asthma, bronchial and lung difficulties, are exceedingly palatable, have none of that nauseating horrible Cubeb taste, are very soothing and act like a charm; Ministers, Singers, and Public Speakers will find they are especially adapted to the voice. Sold by Druggists. Also Rushton's (F. V.) cod liver oil, for consumption and scrofula; use no other.

UPHAM'S DEPILATORY POWDER.—Removes superfluous hair in *five minutes*, without injury to the skin. Sent by mail for $1.25. UPHAM'S ASTHMA CURE releaves most violent paroxysms in *five minutes* and effects a speedy cure. Price $2 by mail. THE JAPANESE HAIR STAIN colors the whiskers and hair a beautiful black or brown. It consists of *only one preparation*. 75 cents by mail. Address S. C. UPHAM, No 751 Jayne Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Circulars sent free. Sold by all Druggists.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—Prizes cashed and information furnished by GEORGE UPHAM, Providence, R. I.

$25 A WEEK SALARY!—Young men wanted as local and traveling salesmen. Address (with stamp) R. H. WALKER, 34 Park Row, N. Y.

$25 A DAY.—Gasenbacks for all. For particulars and circulars, address C. W. SMITH, Saco, Me.

$30 A DAY, sure. LATTA & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PSYCHOMANCY.—Any lady or gentleman can make $1,000 a month, secure their own happiness and independence, by obtaining Psychomancy, Fascination, or Soul Charming. 400 pages; cloth. Full instructions to use this power over men or animals at will, how to Mesmerise, become Trance or Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiratualism, Alchemy, Philosophy of Omens and Dreams, Brigham Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, &c., all contained in this book; 100,000 sold; price by mail, in cloth $1.25, paper covers $1. NOTICE.—Any person willing to act as agent will receive a sample copy of the work *free*. As no capital is required, all desirous of genteel employment should send for the book, enclosing 10 cents for postage, to T. W. EVANS & CO., 41 South 8th St., Philadelphia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. T. WHITE'S—

Blood Purifyer, prepared by medicating a mineral water, obtained from a spring in Talbot County, Maryland, with the bark of two trees of our forest. A decoction prepared from the bark of one, has long been known to be an antidote for the virous of the rattlesnake, and has been recently successfully tested in neutralizing the virous of a mad dog both on man and beast. Obtaining knowledge of the fact induced me to adopt it in my practice and I ascribe my success in curing Cancers, Tumors and all other scrofulous diseases, more to the internal use of that article than to anything else that can be done; for all such diseases originates in the blood and unless the blood is cleansed a purmarent cure cannot be effected, and believing that an article that would neutralize the virons of a snake would purge any other poisonous matter from the human blood I adopted the use of it in my practice with unequaled success.

DIRECTIONS.

Begin by taking half a table spoonful three times a day, before eating, and increase to a spoonfull as the stomach will bear it. If it produces costiveness take a small portion of some mild cathartic (purge) every other day. Always keep it where it will not freeze.

Sold wholesale and retail by Samuel Fox, near Easton, Md.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Talbot county, State of Maryland, do hereby certify that we have, each of us, been afflicted with a cancer and have been Doctered by Thomas White, M. D., greatly to our satisfaction. He uses no knife, but by cleansing the blood of Cancerous virus and the use of an external application, he kills the Cancer and causes it to slough out in a few days. We therefore feel in honor and duty bound to recommend him to the afflicted as a cautious, skillful Practioner, and his blood purifier as a most powerful remedial agent.

Jno. W. Dawson, Mary R. Sherwood, Henry Warner, Sally A. Powell, Charles H. Sherwood, Edward Woodall, Talbot county, Md., 1869. The Doctor may be found at the Pennsylvania House and will remain at this place for some time. 24-1y

The undersigned gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Dashiell and Tatem, of the firm of Dashiell, Tatem & Co., of Elizabeth City, N. C., who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon creditor's petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle Dist of North Carolina.

JAMES P. WHEDBEE, Assignee.
P. O. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. 24-3t

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of R. F. Whitaker of the County of Halifax, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

JOHN H. THORP, Assignee.
P. O. Rocky Mount N. C.
26-3t.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN
CORN CULTURE!
THOMA'S
PATENT SMOOTHING HARROW
AND
BROADCAST WEEDER

Will thoroughly clean from weeds
15 TO 20 ACRES OF CORN PER

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1870.

Municipal Election: Monday, Jan. 2, '71.

Republican Ticket.

FOR MAYOR:
GEORGE W. COBB.

For Commissioners:

WILLIAM UNDERWOOD, WILLIAM G. POOL, MANUEL DAVIS. | CHARLES GUIRKIN, MILES COMMANDER,

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issu
Great Improvement.
Manhood.
Notice.
Sale of property.
New York Advertisements.
A Proclamation.

Local and Personal.

☞ It is a noticeable fact that people who change their minds often seldom get a good one.

☞ Do not forget the Municipal election on Monday week. The ticket at the head of our columns is the regular Republican ticket and is composed of good men. Let it have a cordial support.

☞ Mr. F. M. Cook has just returned from the principal cities of the North with one of the finest *and largest* stocks of Jewelry brought to this Market since the war. Give him a call.

☞ Our Washington correspondent is correct. His remittance was properly entered and his name appears *high up* on our "roll of honor." Long may he live to enjoy life—and read the NORTH CAROLINIAN.

☞ Our esteemed friend C. W. HOLLOWELL never forgets the editor. He has just sent us some most excellent wild game. May his shadow never grow less.

☞ Some of the members of the Baptist Church request us to admonish those who "use the weed" to leave their quids behind them when they go into the house of worship. We do it the more cheerfully as the filthy practice is one we heartily detest.

☞ WINNER, the Picture man, has taken a splendid photograph of our office. It is perfect. He is prepared to take the picture of any building in town or country. As an Artist he has no superior. We hear everybody speaking in the highest terms of his work.

☞ An euthusiastic reader proposes the following conundrum:

"Why is the NORTH CAROLINIAN like a drum with the head out? Give it up? Because it can't be *beat*."

Pretty good. Our young friend may go to the head of the class.

☞ For Christmas Toys, Presents, &c., go to F. M. COOK's Jewelry store on Road Street. He has one of the most complete stocks in the city.

☞ Lost on the second night of the Episcopal Fair in the Fair room—a Diamond Pin. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to Mr. F. M. COOK's Jewelry Store on Road Street. It is a family relic and the loser would willingly pay double its worth.

☞ In accordance with an immemorial custom, and to give those of "the boys" of the office desiring it an opportunity to enjoy the festivities of the season, there will be no paper issued from this office next week. We embrace this opportunity to wish our patrons, one and all, a merry Christmas and a very happy New Year.

☞ The best place in town to buy your goods is at the "Yankee Store." *

☞ "A Sufferer" asks for a remedy for the tooth ache. We have heard of several. Equal quantities of pulverized salt and alum on wet cotton, put in the cavity of the decayed tooth will some times relieve it; so will black pepper give temporary relief, but the best plan will be to call on Dr. ANDREWS, or some other good Dentist, and have "cold steel" applied. This remedy will prove effectual.

☞ While we are anxious to extend our circulation it is not our desire, certainly not our intention, to force our paper on any one that does not want it. But, on the other hand, a man who has taken it regularly from the Post Office *for a year and a half*, or even for six months, should not complain if asked to pay for it. The Courts have decided that the fact of regularly lifting a paper from the Post Office is evidence to the Publisher of subscription and makes the party responsible to him for it.

☞ A large stock of Gloves and Mittens at the "Yankee Store." *

☞ We like to see people think. Too few do so, but allow others to do the thinking for them. We have an old friend who used to say he liked to shock people by the utterance of what to them were new truths; for when they were once well shocked they would never again be upon the same subject, but were getting ready to *think* about it. Once get an honest person to THINK for himself and much will be accomplished towards advancement. To get people to *thinking* is one of the missions of the NORTH CAROLINIAN.

☞ The Irish Tailor who called himself E. T. SULLIVAN has absconded. He rented a room, got a new sign and made a great flourish. He boasted that he had been a Confederate soldier and had lost a limb in the "Lost Cause." He blowed his own trumpet vigorously and was succeding in drawing a good custom. On pretense of going to South Mills to cut some garments he hired a horse and buggy and took a boy along to drive. Instead of stopping at South Mills he went on to Norfolk. There he took the Boat for Baltimore, telling the boy he was going for a stock of goods and would return in a few days. The boy came home, and on opening the shop his old valise was found full of brick-bats and several suits of customer's clothes were missing.

☞ As both Congress and the Legislature adjourns this week we expect Hon. C. L. COBB, Senator POOL and Messrs. SYKES and SPEED to be at home during the holidays.

☞ All are invited to call at COOK's Jewelry store, on Road street, and see one of the finest stocks of Jewelry and Toys ever brought to this Market. * *

☞ Among the Northern arrivals since our last we notice D. W. Wilcox Esq., and wife from Peeks Kill, N. Y.; CORNELIUS LAMONT and wife from Michigan; JOHN FRIBLEY Jr., from Muncy, Pa., and WILLIAM CANROD from Lycoming, Pa.,

☞ We learn that the barn of R. B. Creecy, some seven miles South of the City, was destroyed by fire on Sunday night last. About five hundred barrels of corn was burned. No insurance; supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

☞ We like to see *live* buisness men. The firm of BRADFORD & Co., on Road street, belong to this class. They are doing a large business. And no wonder. They *advertise*—let the people know where they are, what they have got to sell, and invite the public to call and see them. People do not always want to go where they are not invited.

☞ On the 16th inst., Senator MORTON offered a resolution in the United States Senate requesting the President to communicate to the Senate all the information in his possession relative to organized bodies of disloyal and evil-disposed persons in the State of North Carolina, which have in view or threaten resistance to the execution of the laws of the United States, or the denial to United States citizens of equal protection of the laws and their rights under the Constitution; and also, what murders and outrages for political purposes have been committed by such organizations. The resolution was agreed to.

☞ During the present week, accompanied by the County Examiner—Mr. VAUGHAN, we have been visiting the Public Schools of our town. There are eight in all, and we are glad to report that we found them in a much better condition than what they were last year. This is encouraging. The system is gradually working its way and the people are beginning to understand and appreciate it. In some of the schools the Teachers labor under great disadvantage because of the lack of uniformity in School books. With several series of spelling books, readers, geographies and grammars a teacher cannot classify his school. The result is a great loss of time, being a great disadvantage to the entire school. In several of the schools, however, this evil is being rapidly removed. It *should* be in all.

The first school visited was that of Mr. JOHN BENBERRY. He has 42 names on his register, and informs us that the average attendance was 27. He appears to be doing the best he can with the *many kinds* of books used in the school.

The next school visited was the Primary Colored School taught by Miss LIZZIE THOMPSON (colored). She has 29 names on her register, and states that the average daily attendance is 20. We heard several exercises and were glad to see that the little folks were getting a good start.

We then visited the Higher Departments of the Colored School in which there are three grades, each in a seperate part of the new colored school building. The highest is under the charge of Mr. T. W. CARDOZO. He has 25 on his register and the average daily attendance is 23. This school is in the very best condition—the pupils making rapid progress. There are five in the classics.

The next department is under the charge of Miss S. L. WILLIAMS. She has 38 names on her register and the average attendance is 35. Her school is well disciplined and her pupils all appeared to be studious.

The third department is under charge of Mrs. L. J. CARDOZO. She has the largest number of students—65 on her register and the average daily attendance over 50. We were struck with the quiet deportment and good order of the children which spoke well for them and their teacher.

We then visited the Primary white school under the care of Miss HARRIET A. TURNER. We were much interested with the bright little boys and girls of this school and were gratified to see the interest they manifest in their studies. Their teacher is doing a good work. She has 32 names on her register and the average daily attendance is 27.

We next visited the higher Department for young ladies under the charge of Miss JOSEPHINE DAVIS. The condition of the school evinces ability on the part of the Teacher. Good order and familiarity with the branches studied were specially noticed. She has 37 names registered, and the daily attendance is 28.

The next visit was to the Boy's school under charge of Mrs. W. H. CLARK. The number of names registered is 33 and the average daily attendance 27. Considering the disadvantages under which Mrs. CLARK labors—the impossibility to classify her pupils because of the variety of books used—we think her school is doing remarkably well. As an instructor she appears to be thorough and practical.

From the above statistics it will be seen that there are 301 children registered and 237 of them regularly attending our Public Schools, 109 whites and 128 colored. This is encouraging. How much better than to have them running about the streets, growing up in ignorance, unfitted for the great duties of life. In addition to these eight Public Schools we have four Select Schools in successful operation in our town; two for young ladies—the one taught by Mrs. M. POOL, the other by Miss SOPHIA E. MARTIN; a classical school for boys, under the charge of Rev. M. H. VAUGHAN, and a High School for Boys and Girls taught by Miss ELLEN E. OSGOOD. Thus it will be seen that our Educational facilities are improving. We shall have much to say on this subject in future issues of the NORTH CAROLINIAN.

☞ The mails reach us irregularly. We suffer inconvenience in consequence of it, and so do all our business men. We *must have a daily mail.*

☞ Apples! Apples!! Apples!!! Fine Northern apples at the "Yankee Store." *

☞ In our advertising columns will be found a proclamation of the Governor offering a reward for the apprehension of THOMAS BAILEY for the murder of ABEL G. FEREBEE, a citizen of Perquimans county.

☞ All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods at the "Yankee Store." *

A Card.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

I take this method to say to the public through the columns of your paper, that the use of my name as a candidate for Commissioner on the so-called "People's Ticket," is unauthorized by me and without my knowledge or consent. I do not wish the position nor would I accept if elected. I shall support the ticket as put forth by the regular Republican nominating convention.

Yours Truly,
C. W. SMITH.

Dec. 20th, 1870.

DEATHS.

FULMER—In Camden on the 18th inst., Mrs. HANNAH FULMER, wife of AARON FULMER, in the 54th year of her age.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL, T D PENDLETON, Pro'r

Jos. Spruill, Tyrrell; Ephrum Leigh, Tyrrell; John Newbold Pasquotank; Samuel T. Williams, A. R. Elliott, Hertford, N. C.; R. H. Leigh, John Leary, Granville, N. C.;

THE MARKETS.

Elizabeth City Prices Current.

REPORTED EXPRESLY FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN

Beef Hams—Dried, ₱ lb.	30
" Fresh "	10 @ 15
Bacon—Clear side ₱ lb.	20
" Rib side "	18
" Shoulder "	15
" Hams, country "	18 @ 20
" " sugar cured	20 @ 22
Butter—Country "	25 @ 30
" N. Y. State "	35 @ 50
Beeswax ₱ lb.	25 @ 30
Beans—White Navy, ₱ bush.	2.50
Cornmeal ₱ bbl.	2.50 @ 3.00
Corn—new ₱ bu.	60 @ 65
" old "	75
Chickens—Spring ₱ pair	10 @ 50
Cotton yarn—2 thread ₱ lb.	2.00 @ 2.25
" in reel, ₱ lb.	4 @ 4½
" in hole, "	15c @ 18
" in tirf, "	14c @ 18
Peaches—Dried, ₱ lb.	20
Eggs—₱ doz.	25
Flour—Super, ₱ bbl.	6.00 @ 7.00
" Extra "	7.00 @ 8.00
" Family "	8.50 @ 9.50
Hay—Tish 10 50s "	6.00 @ 7.00
" Herring scaled "	10.00
" " in bbls. ₱ 1000	8.00 @ 12.00
" Mullet "	12.00 @ 15.00
Feathers ₱ lb	25 @ 60
Flaxseed—₱ bu	175 @ 185
Hides—Dry ₱ lb	12 @ 13
" Green "	5 @ 6
Iron—Old cast ₱ cwt.	50 @ 90
" Wrought "	1.00 @ 2.10
Lard—₱ lb	20 @ 25
Lumber—Heart pine ₱ 1000ft	18.00 @ 22.00
" Cypress "	15.00 @ 20.00
" Sap "	10.00 @ 15.00
" Lathe "	3.00
Lime—Rockland, ₱ bbl.	2.00
" Shell "	1.00
" Philla. "	2.50
Meal—₱ bu., 56 lbs	1.00
Oats, per ₱ bu.	40 @ 45
Peas—Black ₱ bu	60
Black Eyed Peas "	1.25
Pork—Mess "	30 @ 33
Potatoes—New ₱ bu.	50
" Sweet ₱ bu.	40 @ 50
Rags—₱ lb	3 to 3½
Rails—Juniper ₱ 1000	30.00 to 40.00
Rope (old) ₱ lb.	1
Shingles—16 inch, heart	2.00 to 2.25
" 18 " "	5.00 to 6.50
" 12 " sap	6.00 @ 8.00
" W. I. "	2.00 @ 2.50
Salt—₱ sack, 3 bu.	2.00
Salt—₱ lb. per bu.	75
Tallow—₱ lb.	10 @ 12
Wool—₱ lb.	20 @ 25
Wood—₱ cord	2.50 to 3.00
Whiskey—₱ gal.	1.75 to 2.50
Yoepon—₱ bu	25 to 40

New York Market.

Gold 110½. Money 7 per cent. Exchange—long, 109; short, 109⅝. Bonds 107⅛. Cotton firm; at 15½c. Flour dull; superfine State and Western $4.25@4.50; common to choice extra State and Western $4.25@5.50@6.50. Wheat dull; winter red and amber Western $1.43@1.45. Corn unchanged. Pork quiet; new $19.

MARINE REPORT.

PORT OF ELIZABETH CITY,
For the week ending yesterday.

REPORTED BY WILLIAM S. COPES.

ARRIVALS.

Stmr. Thomas Jefferson, Conklin, Norfolk, Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, freight and passengers to Disma Swamp Steam Transportation Company.
Stmr. George Washington, Murden, freight and passengers to D. S. S. T. Co., Norfolk.
Stmr. Alpine, King, Norfolk.
Schr. Dolphin, Hill, light Wilmington.
Schr. Spray, smith, corn, Algotor.
Schr. Angelica, Messer,
Schr. Ray Stone, Harris, freight, Norfolk.
Schr. Viola, sykes, corn, Sawyers Creek.
Schr. Georgia, Tate, light, Norfolk.
Schr. Sue Cunning, Hines, corn, Shiloah.
Schr. Fair, Thornton, up sound.
Schr. Surprise, Bronson, light, Norfolk.
Schr. Admantine, wise, light, Wilmington.
Schr. Parrot, Price, light, up sound.
Schr. Martia Ann, Walker, light, Norfolk.
Schr. Is Frances, Spires, light, Norfolk.
Schr. Wave, Davis, light, Norfolk.
Sloop Alfred Dorfon, Mott, U. S. M. Roanoke.

DEPARTURES.

Stmr. Thomas Jefferson, Conklin to Norfolk, Monday, Wednesday and Fridays.
Stmr. Alpine, King, to Norfolk.
Stmr. George Washington, Murden, freight and passengers to Norfolk.
Schr. Angelica, Messer, corn, Norgolk.
Schr. Wave, Davis, light, Newbegun.
Schr. Dolphin, Hill, up sound.
Schr. Susan Caroline —, light, up sound.
Schr. J. W. Hinton, Simons, corn, Cobbs Point.
Schr. Marricita, Price, Norfolk, light.
Schr. Batty, Ashby, light, Norfolk.
Schr. Spray, Smith, light, Beaufort.
Schr. Belle Varney, Miller, shingles, Tyrell.
Schr. Bay, Chadwick, light, Wilmington.
Schr. Mary Frances, Hamon, light, Gum Neck.
Sloop Alfred Dorfon, Mott, U. S. M. Roanoke.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Hostetter's United States Almanac for 1871, for distribution, *gratis*, throughout the United States, and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, will be published about the 1st of January, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable series of original treatises on the cause, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, and planter, and professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive NATIONAL CALENDAR.

The many new, useful and extraordinary sanitary facts of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the Annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful, and *may be had for the asking.* The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood. The Bitters are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the entire civilized world. 22-3t

BUCHU.—The best and cheapest Buchu in the United States is that prepared by Dromgoole & Co. For all diseases of the urinary organs, its action is quick, powerful and satisfactory. The Gravel, Gout, Dropsy, milky, ropy or bloody urine, frequent desire to urinate, difficulty and pain in urinating, burning pain about the region of the bladder, pain and weakness in the small of the back, effects of habits of dissipation, and all kindred complaints, it acts in such a manner as to gain confidence at once, and cures. One bottle will cure any ordinary case. Price $1, or six for $5. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. 23-4t

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
22-1y. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburg, Pa.

MARRIAGE GUIDE.—Every one his own Doctor. A private instructor for married persons or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language by Wm. Young, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent free by mail or express on receipt of 50cts. Address Dr. Wm. Young, No. 416 Spruce Street above Fourth, Philadelphia. 19-6m.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
22-1y. No. 42 Cedar Street, New York.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

OF VALUABLE

NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

The Land and Lumber Co.

Water Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In again presenting our list of lands and other property for sale, we repeat that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where; and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, possession can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A large new brick building in the town of Elizabeth City, on Water street, opposite the market house, and one of the most eligible locations in the town for the mercantile business. The building is 70 feet long by 35 feet wide. The lower story is neatly fitted up with shelves, drawers, counters, &c., for a store, and the second story is finely finished with parlor, sitting room, and four good size bed rooms—all in perfect order. There is nearly a half acre of land that goes with it, and in the rear of the store, is a good two story wood building, cook house, pantries, dairy, &c., and such modern fixtures as will render a family able to live in good style. It is one of the best stands in the town for a merchant, wholesale, or retail. The party owning it is largely in debt, and compelled to sell, hence it is offered at the low price of $3.200, one half cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Possession given immediately.

For a merchant who wishes to make money at the mercantile business rapidly, who desires to settle in the most rapidly rising town in North Carolina; who wishes to enjoy good society, live in a strong union community where Northern men and their families are received both in the social and business circles, on equal footing with the most favored of our own people; and where the climate is the most genial and healthful to be found anywhere, this is the place to come and buy. And then too it is at a point suited for all sorts of business, being in direct water communication with twenty of the richest counties in the State, and having a harbor with water 40 feet deep, and in easy and cheap access with all the civilized world. A point possessing all these advantages, and many more, too numerous to mention, and for property so cheap as this, is an inducement offered, unparalleled in any part of the United States.

A large brick building nearly new, and well built, in the town of Elizabeth City, three stories high, 100 feet long and 40 feet wide, with a wing 40 feet square, situated in the business part of the town, and within forty yards of the wharf where steamers and sailing vessels are arriving and departing nearly every hour in the day. The daily line of steamers from Norfolk to E. City, have their depot and landing at this wharf. There is vacant land enough adjoining for sale at low prices to make over two acres. There is nearly a half acre that will go with this property.

This is the finest building in the town for a large hotel and is the most eligibly located for that purpose. And, since four hotels were burned here during the war, and the business is now imperfectly carried on, this is a splendid opening for a person to make a large amount of money at hotel keeping. This building commands a view of the river for miles, and all the shipping in the port can be seen from it. It is offered at forced sale at $7,500, one half cash, balance in one and two years, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3.000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3.000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

One of the most desirable, and at the present, best paying farms, in Eastern North Carolina, is offered for sale; situated in Perquimans co., N. C., 12 miles from E. City, and two from Perquimans river, embracing a large portion of the celebrated Turkey Ridge body, and being elegantly adapted to the growth and culture of corn, wheat, oats, peas, cotton and clover, and the various grasses. Nearly the entire farm is under a system of successful culture, with good fences, well drained, having on it a good dwelling with 4 rooms, several good tenant houses and the necessary out-houses, together with a barn, 50 by 70 feet, with machine shelter attached, 30 by 70 feet, stables 28 by 50, and blacksmith shop. 600 acres is under cultivation and 100 acres in grass pasture. There is also deadened and in condition to be reduced to cultivation about 200 acres of naturally the most fertile land in this whole country, the balance in nice timber, in all about 1,400 acres. The object of the owner in offering this valuable estate for sale, is this: He has another large farm on which he resides, and is also a practicing physician, which necessarily requires his whole time and personal attention, and wishes to relieve himself of this extra anxiety and care. To a party seeking a permanent investment, or to those wishing to establish a small colony, this plantation holds out peculiar inducements. If desired, the stock of horses, mules, oxen, hogs, corn and fodder now on the farm, together with all the necessary farming implements will be sold with it at reasonable rates. This property with the improvements, cost, before the war, $45.000, and is now offered for $28.000. Terms—one-fourth cash, residue in one, two and three years from date of sale.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C., 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine, now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15,000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3.500, $7.00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

Two valuable tracts of lands in Perquimans county, N. C, nearly opposite each other, one containing 555 acres with fine buildings, and valued at $7,000 the other has 538 acres, with ordinary buildings, land good, sold at forced sale for $5,000 cash. There is a great bargain in these tracts of land, and emigrants are especially invited to look at them early.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has good buildings and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, the all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

Another valuable farm in Perquimans county, containing 500 acres, immediately on a deep navigable River, 15 miles from Elizabeth City, and 8 miles from Hertford, with good buildings, one half the land cleared, balance in the finest pine, cypress, oak and other timber. Price only $3,000, $2,000 cash, balance in one and two years. Adjoining the above is another valuable timber tract for sale containing 200 acres, for $2,000 terms easy.

A valuable store property for sale at Newbegan Creek, with large fine store, good new two story dwelling, all necessary out-houses, and 30 acres of fine land. This is one of the best stands for a country merchant in the State. This property is on navigable water, 10 miles from Elizabeth City. It is offered at forced sale for $3,000, one half cash, balance in twelve months. Possession given immediately.

A valuable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City, N. C., containing an acre of ground, with two grape vines, large number of peach and apple trees, house two stories high, new, has six rooms, all in good order, necessary out buildings, and on a principal street. Price $2,000 cash, Jan. 1st, next when possession can be given.

A valuable farm in Gates Co., N. C., located near the County-seat, and close to navigable water. It has upon it a large new two story dwelling, good kitchen, dairy, smokehouse, large barn and stables, &c., &c. The arm contains 600 acres, about one-half cleared, balance well set in pine and other timber. There is a fine saw and grist mill propelled by water power within one mile of the dwelling, and a fine church and school-house within about the same distance.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splendid stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A five farm in Perquimans county, N. C., 10 miles from E. City, containing 1,000 acres. This farm is adapted to raising corn, cotton, and wheat, has a fine large barn, with fair outhouses, is immediately on a public road, near a thriving village, within a mile of a fine church and school house, is one-half cleared, the balance abounds in yellow pine, ash, oak and other valuable timber, is within one mile of navigable water. Price $12,000—one-half cash, balance in one and two years, with interest.

A splended site for a hotel in the town of E. City, where one formerly stood, on the corner of the intersection of the two principal streets in the City is offered for sale at $1.800. Four hotels having been burned in the town during the war, and the business now being very imperfectly managed, this is a desirable property, and the business would be a very remunerative one. This is the finest opening for a good hotel to be found any where in the whole locality.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well diapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

A valuable small farm ¾ of a mile from E. City, containing about 47 acres all cleared but about 6 acres, and in a good state of improvement. Lies high, well drained, medium buildings, a good well of water. A very desirable property. Price $50 per acre in payments. Possession given Jan'y. 1stt 1871.

A valuable farm at Woodville, 8 miles from E. City, immediately on navigable water and containing 140 acres of land, mostly cleared. It has upon it a two-story dwelling in fine order, containing eight rooms, good outhouses, and a fine store—new, and about sixty by thirty feet. There is a school house and church in the village, with three stores and several highly respectable families live there. This is probably one of the best stands for a retail country store to be found anywhere. There are also in the village two steam saw and grist mills of good size, a carriage and whgon factory, &c. Price $2,500; one-third cash, balance in one and two years.

Immediately adjoining the above in the same village, is another store for sale at $2,000 on same terms. This store is about 30 by 50 feet, and has a dwelling attached and above the store containing six good rooms, all in good order. There is also a large warehouse belonging to the property, and a sufficient number of good outhouses to render a family comfortable. There are two acres of land attached to this property.

A splended tract of land in Pasquotank county, N. C., six miles from Elizabeth City, containing 400 acres, 300 of which are cleared. This is probably the most valuable farm in this section of the State. There are upon it a fine dwelliug, five tenant houses, barn, stables, &c. Ninety acres of this tract are now well set in red clover. Will produce from thirty to fifty bushels of corn, and half as much wheat, per acre, and is the best cotton farm in North Carolina, Price $30 per acre, in easy payments.

Lots Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.—These are town lots in Elizabeth City, N. C., containing one acre of land each, and having upon them comfortable one-story houses in each lot, with three or four rooms to each house, with garden, cook-house, &c. Price $300 to $500 each. Terms liberal, and possession at any time.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultiuation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultiuation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A tract of land containing sixty acres one mile from E. City, immediately on the River, and binding a public road on two sides. This farm has a good one story dwelling and outhouses, a quantity of fruit trees, and has a fence aroundit that will last for fifty years. The adjoining farm is owned and occupied by a Northern man, and though containing twenty acres less land than the farm he has refused $5,900 cash for it. The first named tract is offered for sale for a division, and at the low price of $2,400.

Another tract adjoining the above, containing 356 acres, with fiine two story dwelling containing 9 rooms and cook-room. Servant's house with 3 rooms, large barns and stables, all necessary and convenient out-houses, 3 tenant-houses near town, and immediately on the River. About 100 acres of this land is in fine wood and timber, balance in a fine state of cultivation. It has 8,000 grape vines one year old, 3,500 peach, apple and dwarf pear trees, five acres in strawberries which yielded an immence profit this year, ten acres in Lawton and other rare varieties of black-berries, 15 to 20,000 young peach trees with other choice fruits too numerous to mention. This farm has a public road on one side, and the River on the other, where strangers come daily to the landings to receive the fruits and vegetables, and carry them down to Norfolk, Baltimore, Phila., or New York. The land is finely adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, and all other field crops.

The owner of this farm offers to sell in tracts, to suit purchasers, say in 50 to 100 acre tracts, and at prices ranging from 35 to $80 per acre, according to location, buildings, &c.

There is also on this farm a fine fishery, where a seine 1,000 yards long, and 20 feet deep is hauled every Spring. Herring, Shad, Rock-fish, Sturgeon and other valuable fish, are caught by thousands at every draw of the seine. And the profits are frequently large. This fishery of itself is worth nearly as much as is charged for the whole property. The terms will be liberal. This is probably the finest opportunity offered any where for a profitable investment.

☞ Fishery has an office, and two houses for hands besides fish house. Then some 500 to 1,000 loads of best fish manure on hand, besides over 5,000 loads of compost made ready for use. This goes with the farm.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

The lot is well set in flowers and has a profusion of shrubbery about it that "Shenstone might have envied." Taking it altogether, this is probably the most desirable property for a private family, that is now offered for sale. The price is 3000.00 cash. Possession given at any time.

For further particulars, enquire of
GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Nov. 17, 1870.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!—

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Land and Lumber Co. of N. C., for the election of officers, will be held at their office in Elizabeth City, N. C., on Thursday, Jan. 12, 1871. at eight o'clock, P. M.
C. H. ROBINSON,
25-4t. Secretary.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

The subscriber has opened a Meat Market on Road Street, two doors North of the Post office in Elizabeth City. A supply of Fresh Meats of all kinds constantly on hand. Market open at all hours day and evening.

☞ Delivery Wagon will visit all parts of the town every morning.

L. G. PARSONS.

Dec. 1.—1870-23-1y.

8 O'CLOCK. 23-4w.

$90 A WEEK paid agents, male or female, in a new manufacturing business at home. No capital required. Addres NOVELTY Co., Saco, Me. 23-4w

SALESMEN WANTED

Business honorable. No competition, liberal pay given. S. W. KENNEDY, 8 S. 4th St. Phila. 23-4w.

100,000 Agents Wanted for How Women Can Make Money. And other best Books in the market. McKINNEY & MARTIN. 1508 Chestnut Street, Phila. 23-4w.

$10 made from 50 cts. Something urgently needed by everybody. Call and see; or 12 samples sent (postage paid) for 50 cts. that retpil easily for $10. R. L. WOLCOTT, 181 Chatham Sq., N. Y. 23-4w

FARMER'S HELPER. Shows how to double the profits of the FARM, and how farmers and their sons can each make $100 PER MONTH in Winter. 10,000 Copies will be mailed free to Farmers. Send name and address to ZIEGLER & McCURDY, Phila. Pa. 23-4w.

GETTING UP CLUBS. Great Saving to Consumers. Parties enquire how to get up clubs. Our answer is, send for Price List, and a Club form will accompany it with full directions,—making a large saving to consumers and remunerative to Club organilers.
THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY
31 and 33 Vesey Street,
P. O. Box 5643. NEW YORK. 23-4w.

AGENTS WANTED for the LIGHT OF THE WORLD. Containing Fleetwood's "Life of Christ," and "Lives of the Apostles, Evangelists and Martyrs," Doddridges "Evidences of Christianity;" "History of the Jews," by Josephus; "History of all religious Denominations," withtreaties and tables relating to events connected with Bible History, containing many fine engravings. The whole forming a complete Treasury of Christian Knowledge. W. FIDNT, 27 S. Seventh St., Phila. 23-4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

A. H. STEPHENS

Great History of the War. Complete in one volume. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. 26-4w.

WORK FOR SPARE HOURS.

BRINGING IN SHEAVES.

A Book from the crowded life of one who is loved and in demand all ouer the land. REV. A. B. EARLE. This book meets a great sale North and South. Agents wanted everywhere. Commissions large. For Circulars, press notices, agent's reports, terms, etc., address JAMES H. EARLE, 96 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. 26-4w.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED FOR

WOMEN OF NEW YORK,
OR SOCIAL LIFE IN THE GREAT CITY

Wonderful developments among the aristocracy. Married Women exposed, &c., &c. Price $3.25. The best Book to sell published. The best terms to Agents ever given. Address, N. Y. Book Co., 145 Nassau St. N. Y. 23—4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

FREE LOVE.
AND
ITS VOTARIES

by DR. JNO. B. ELLIS. Large Sales, Immense Profit. Stupendous revelations and startling disclosures. The whole subject laid bare and its hideousness exposed to universal execration. WRITTEN IN THE INTERESTS OF CIVILIZATION, CHR

MISCELLANEOUS.

The New-York Times.

A POLITICAL, LITERARY AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWSPAPER.

The NEW-YORK TIMES was started in September, 1851,—has for many years been recognized as among the most successful, popular, and influential newspapers in the country. Its proprietors, with greatly increased resources and experience, will spare no pains to extend and strengthen its claims upon the confidence and support of the public.

The *Times* is a Republican Journal, and will be devoted, as in the past, to an intelligent and firm support of the Republican Party. It will sustain, with all its ability, the principles and policy which have rendered the party so justly famous in our history. It will advocate those measures by which the honor, the peace and the prosperity of the nation can be best conserved and promoted. It will vindicate our dignity before foreign nations, and will discountenance aught by which ourself respect or our love for republican institutions could be endangered.

The *Times* desires to be judged by the highest possible standard of journalism. Its Editorial Department will be conducted in a spirit of fairness and impartiality, free alike from personal rancor or undue favoritism; and will be the production of the ablest and most experienced writers upon all the subjects treated. Its Correspondence will be full and timely. Its Reports will be prepared with the utmost care, and will embrace every fact or public expression of opinion that possesses interest and importance. The Literary Department will be in thoroughly capable hands, and will present a full review of the literature, the fine arts, the music, and the drama of the day.

As a family paper, free from all appeals to vulgar or impure tastes, the *Times* will continue unexceptionable, and may be safely admitted to every domestic circle.

The Weekly and Semi-Weekly editions of the *Times* will be compiled with the greatest care, and will contain selections from the most important contents of the Daily issue, besides matters of interest to the agricultural sections of the country. All who prefer a newspaper but once or twice a week will find these editions admirably suited to their requirements.

All these editions of the *Times* are of the very largest size, on large quarto sheets, each containing *fifty-six* columns, printed in clear and legible type, at the following rates:

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The *Daily Times*, per annum, including the Sunday Edition.	$12.
The *Daily Times*, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition,	10.
The *Sunday Edition*, per annum	2.
The *Semi-Weekly*, per annum	3.
Two copies, one year	5.
Ten copies, one year	25.

An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late Henry J. Raymond.

The *Weekly Times*, per annum	2.
Five copies, one year	8.
Ten copies, one year	15.

An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late Henry J. Raymond.

Twenty copies, one year	25.

An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late Henry J. Raymond.

Subscriptions to either of our editions received for a less length of time than one year at the yearly rate.

The Semi-Weekly and Weekly mailed to clergymen at the lowest club rates.

Additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter. All Postmasters are obliged to register letters when requested to do so, and the system is an absolute protection against losses by mail. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & Co.,
Times Office, New York.

In a recent letter to the farmers of Virginia, Commissioner M. F. Maury endeavors to prove that the State can never hope to enjoy an ordinary degree of prosperity without a systematic encouragement of European immigration. During his travels in Europe the Commissoner was enabled to discover the actual cause of the intended emigrants' disinclination to seek a Southern home instead of going to the East and West. "They have been taught," says the gentleman," to regard us of the South as a lawless set, prone to violence and apt at insult. * * Besides, I have heard it stoutly maintained by gentlemen of extensive reading, that the climate of Virginia and the other Southern States is so deadly that out-door labor in it is death to the white man." In order to get rid of this erroneous impression Mr. Maury recommends that the farmers in one of the counties should club together and aim to induce 200 well-to-do- immigrants with their families to settle in the State by offering forty acres of land to each on a seven years' credit without interest.

SAMUEL H. ROSS, a wealthy farmer of Knox county, Ohio, recently met with a very discouraging experience in his attempt to prove that the Government servants were not paying proper attention to their duties. He rolled up three newspapers and a letter, placed four cents' worth of postage stamps upon them, and addressed the whole to his father. The special agent of the Post-office Department discovered the trick, and immediately commenced proceedings against Mr. Ross. Fortunately for himself, the latter had good sense enough to plead guilty and submit to a fine of $169 80. In future he will probably devote himself exclusively to agricultural affairs

---

Staggers in Pigs.

I notice in the Farmer of Nov. 4th, information wanted for the cure of "Staggers in Pigs." I herewith enclose a receipt which I have never known to fail in a single instance.

As soon as the pig is discovered to be affected, take a feather and saturate well in Spirits Turpentine, drop a few drops in each ear, then rub its head and back very lightly with it, from between the eyes to the shoulder blade. I have also tried it on sheep, goats, dogs, and calves, with the same good effect.

Hoping that others may, also, benefit by its efficacy.

Yours, truly.
"SUBSCRIBER."

Supply, N. C., Nov. 12 1870,—*Farmr.*

The Hillsboro *Recorder* says that "five hogshead of mean liquor are generally toted away from that town on Saturdays." It says nothing about the quantity that is toted *around* the town on other days. It also informs us that a man in Oxford was bitten by a rattlesnake seventeen years ago, and still takes whiskey to cure the bite." And, still to its text, declares that "there are three hundred noses in that county on whom the bubling blushing blossoms have begun to 'come out."

Why is dancing like new milk? Because it strengthens the calves.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NATURE'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

Contains no Lue Sulphur—No Sugar of Lead—No Litharge—No Nitrate of Silver, and is entirely free from the Poisonous and Health-destroying Drugs used in other Hair Preparations.

Transparent and clear as crystal, it will not soil the finest fabric—perfectly SAFE, CLEAN and EFFICIENT—desideratums LONG SOUGHT FOR AND FOUND AT LAST!

It restores and prevents the Hair from becoming Gray, imparts a soft, glossy appearance, removes Dandruff, is cool and refreshing to the head, checks the Hair from falling off, and restores it to a great extent when prematurely lost, prevents Headaches, cures all Humors, cutaneous eruptions, and unnatural Heat. As A DRESSING FOR THE HAIR IT IS THE BEST ARTICLE IN THE MARKET.

DR. G. SMITH, Patentee, Groton Junction, Mass. Prepared only by PROCTER BROTHERS, Gloucester, Mass. The Genuine is put up in a panel bottle, made expressly for it, with the name of the article blown in the glass. Ask your Druggist for Nature's Hair Restorative, and take no other.

Send a three cent stamp to Procter Bros for a Treatise on the Human Hair. The information it contains is worth $500 to any person.

Oct. 27, 70—1y.

WESTMORELAND.

The undersigned gives notice, that the Westmoreland Plantation, on which he now resides, is for sale.

Westmoreland, is in Pasquotank county, 12 miles from Elizabeth City, near Newbegun Creek. It contains about 825 acres; of which about 125 acres are in wood, conveniently located. The woodland is abundant to supply the Plantation, and there is a lot of Cypress, which will afford building material, for the place for all time to come. The land lies nearly in a square, and is surrounded by four good public roads, which intersect each other, at right angles. There are about 700 acres in cultivation; it is in a high state of improvement, well drained, and produces heavy crops. The whole Plantation, is enclosed with a Juniper and Cypress rail fence, of the best quality, and will require but little repairs, for many years. There are three fields fenced off, each connecting with the Barn Lot, one of 100 acres, one of 60 acres, and one of 50 acres, convenient for small grain, clover or pasturage. The lands produce Corn, Cotton, Wheat, Oats and Peas, in great abundance, and grows Clover, and the grasses most luxuriantly. It is well adapted to all sorts of garden vegetables. There is an abundant supply of fruit for the use of a large family, consisting of the finest Standard Pears, bearing abundantly, from the 15th of July to the 15th of October. Peaches, Cherries, Plums and a lot of dwarf Pears, Peaches, Apricots, Apples and Cherries, set out last fall. A fine lot of Raspberry bushes, from which, there are picked daily, during the season, from 2 to 4 Gallons of berries. A large and thrifty Scuppernong Grape Vine, and Isabella grape vines, bearing luxuriantly, and a fine lot of fig bushes, in full bearing. The buildings are located in a large and beautiful grove of forest trees. The lot is high and pleasant. The main Dwelling House, is a large and elegant building, with 6 rooms, 5 of them with fire places, a large Hall, 12 feet wide, a large pantry and a verandah, on both the North and South sides of the house, all perfectly and elegantly finished. Attached to the main building is a wing 25x30 feet, two stories high, well finished. This building can, very well be used for a separate family. There are two kitchens or cook-houses, two smoke houses, two poultry houses, dairies, and indeed every out-building required for a large family, and sufficient for the accommodation of two or three families.

The farm buildings comprise four tenant houses, each 2 rooms, 3 small barns for tenants use, tool-house, blacksmith shop, a barn, now used for a Gin House 20x32 feet; a large barn 42x72 feet; and a stock house two stories high, 30x50 feet, the upper story used as a hay loft, with a shed on each side.

There are two wells of water, which are said to be among the best in the country. The barn is ¾ of a mile from the creek, where all the produce is delivered on vessels. There are four roads leading from the lot to the four main roads, one running North, one East, one South and one West, and each about ½ of a mile to the main road. Westmoreland has long been acknowledged as one of, if indeed it is not the most valuable plantation, in the county, or in Eastern North Carolina.

Persons wishing to purchase, are invited to come and examine the property, every effort will be made to enable visitors to form a correct opinion. There have been 6 or 8 farms, adjacent to this one, sold to Northern men, within a year past.

My price is $30 per acre. I refer to Dr. P. John; Hon. G. W. Brooks; T. D. Pendleton, Esq., R. F. Overman, Cashr., and Col. W. F. Martin, of Elizabeth City, N. C.

Oct. 1st 1870. WILL: H. DAVIS.

WANTED AGENTS

$75 to $200 per month—everywhere—male and female, to introduce the Genuine Improved Common Sense Family Sewing Machine. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, bind, braid, cord, quilt and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

For Circulars and Terms, apply or address,
J. W. ROGERS & CO.,
402 Library Street Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

18—3m.

HORSES FOR SALE.

The undersigned having just returned from New York with a lot of the finest horses ever brought to this market, would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Eastern North Carolina to the fact that he can supply any and all persons with any kind of stock they may want, at prices cheaper than any other person this side of New York. If I should not have the kind on hand they may desire, leave their order with me and they can be furnished in ten days with the article they may want. If it does not fill the bill, they need not take it.

All horses sold by the undersigned are warranted as represented. Come and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

ED. C. ALBERTSON,
Hertford, N. C.

Nov. 17, 1870-tf.

GRANT, MANN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS

IN

FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

UPHOLSTERING GOODS,

CARPETS,

WINDOW SHADES,

MATTING IN GREAT VARIETY, &c. &c.

Making all our furniture we are able to give better satisfaction and sell at lower prices than any house South of Baltimore.

"JOHNSON'S HALL,"

57 Main Street, Norfolk, Va

N. B. Particular attention paid to filling orders.

☞ HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR FEATHERS.

State of North Carolina, } Superior Court.
Bertie County.

W. L. Askew Executor of W. T Sharrack,
vs
Thomas E. Hardy and others.
Petition to make real estate assets.

It appearing to the Court that Wm. A. Hardy, is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina: It is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the North Carolinian a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the said defendant to appear at the Courthouse in the town of Windsor, N. C., on the third Thursday in January, 1871, to answer said plaintiffs complaint. Witness William. P. Gurley Clerk of the Superior Court, at office in Windsor the 5th day of December A. D. 1870.

WILLIAM P. GURLEY.
S. C. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIXTY-FIVE FIRST PRIZE

MEDALS AWARDED.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PIANO MANUFACTORY.

WM. KNABE & CO. MANUFACTUREERS OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES BALTIMORE, MD.

These Instruments have been before the Public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellence alone attained *an unpurchased preeminence*, which pronounces them unequaled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of Intonation and Sweetness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos,

IN WORKMANSHIP

they are unequaled, using none but the very best seasoned material, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep continually an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

☞ All our Square Pianos have our New Improved *Overstrung Scale* and the Agraffe Treble.

☞ We would call special attention to our late improvements in Grand Pianos and Square Grands, Patented August 14, 1866, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained. Every Piano fully warranted for 5 years.

We have made arrangements for the Sole Wholesale Agency for the most celebrated PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS, which we offer, Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices.

WM. KNABE & CO.
G. & H.—12-6m. Baltimore, Md.

BOOK BINDING.

Paper Ruling and Blank Book Manufacturing in all its branches.

Having bought the Book Bindery, Tools, Fixtures, &c., so long and favorably known as the "Norfolk Journal Bindery" and having increased my facilities, I am now prepared to do *Book Binding* in all its Branches

Ledgers, Journals, Day and Cash Books, Record Books, Court Dockets, Minute Books, and all other Books for Merchants, Bankers, Lawyers, County Clerks, and others ruled to order and bound in the most substantial manner at prices which I will guarantee to give satisfaction.

Also Music, Magazines, Periodicals, Newspapers, &c., &c., bound and re-bound.

Parties throughout Eastern North Carolina who favored the firm of CLARK & WALTERS before the war are invited to renew their patronage.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to
Address, JOHN WALTERS,
10 Roanoke Avenue,
Norfolk, Va.

Refers by permission to
Col. W. Lamb, President 1st. National Bank Norfolk.
Col. J. W. Hinton, Col. E. C. Lindsey, J. W. Grandy, Esq., of Millar Grandy & Roberts.
July 28th, 1870-6m.

ARE YOU INSURED?

SECURITY AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE

NORTH CAROLINA HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY.

Principal Office—One door South of the Raleigh National Bank.

RALEIGH, N. C.

R. H. BATTLE, President,
REV. W. E. PEEL, Vice President,
SEATON GALES, Secretary.
W. H. MURDOCH, Ass't Sec'y and local agent.

A First-Class North Carolina Institution.

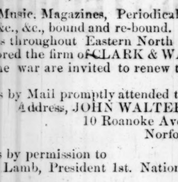
It Pays its Losses Promptly and Fairly,

It circulates its earnings at home. It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina for a liberal support.

Its affairs are judiciously and economically administered.

RUFUS K. SPEED, Agent, Elizabeth City

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—



GALLERY AT MY NEW

I AM TAKING

Ambrotypes, Melaneotypes, opaltypes, gem pictures, and large pictures painted in oil or water colors, old pictures copied into Photographs and enlarged to any size required. I have also just received a new stock of frames rosewood and gilt frames, cases, &c., &c., of the best quality, and have the best instruments of Foreign and American manufacture. Also a large stock of all kinds of photograph materials, and will guarantee as good work as can be done in any City.

N. B. All work guaranteed to be good or your money will be refunded, or picture taken over. Pictures can be taken in cloudy weather as in clear. I have the best and latest improved skylight gallery, just refitted and built under my direction. I have built several galleries and consider this the best I have ever built and have had over ten years experience in the photograph art. Don't forget the place over Dr. Butt's Drug Store 75 Road Street, E. City, N. C.

J. L. WINNER,
Photographer.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., Aug., 18, 1870.

MILLAR, GRANDY & ROBERTS,

SUCCESSORS TO

BERKLY, MILLAR & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

16 *West Main Street, Norfolk, Va.*

W. M. Millar,
J. W. Grandy,
L. W. Roberts,
L. Berkley, Special Partner.

☞ N. B. NO GOODS SOLD EXCEPT TO MERCHANTS.

May ,19, 1870-1y

KADER BIGGS, Norfolk, Va. ASA BIGGS, Formerly of N. C.

KADER BIGGS & CO.

General Commission Merchants, for the sale of Corn, Wheat, Cotton Lumber etc. Bells wharf Norfolk, Va. Commission one cent per bushel on Corn, and 2½ per cent on other produce. Our long experience gives us advantage in obtaining the highest prices.

Prompt sales and returns for all consignments entrusted to our charge.

July 7st, 1870-6m.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

Can sell you a good Cigar and Fine Chewing Tobacco. Besides you can get Perfumery and Extracts, Tooth Brushes, Pocket Books, Fine Soaps, Paper and Envelopes, Fine Pocket Knives. Besides hundreds of other articles that can not be mentioned in a small advertisement.

A Large lot of Fools Cap Paper.
" Bill " "
" Congress Letter " "
" Note " "
" Billet " "
" Legal " "

Besides an extensive and varied assortment of Envelopes, &c. &c., at BUTT'S Drug Store.

PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING,

NEATLY, CHEAPLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

J. SALOMONSKY & CO.,

Have just returned from the North with a large and well selected stock of latest Styles of

LADIES DRESS GOODS

of all descriptions, colors and prices, to suit every purchaser.

The best selection of

PRINTS,

GINGHAMS,

IRISH LINNENS,

WHITE GOODS,

COTTONS,

SHAWLS,

CLOAKING,

and a large stock of fine Lad Hosiery.

We also keep and constantly receive the best Philidelphia made Ladies, Mens and Childrens

BOOTS & SHOES.

A nice asserted stock of Beavers for Ladies Cloaks.

Broad Cloths, Beavers and Casemeres in large quantity and sold cheap,

Ready-made Clothing of all descriptions and at all prices.

Clothing also made to order.

Gents Furnishing Goods of the latest and most improved styles always in season.

HATS & CAPS.

Trunks, Valices. R. R. Bags and Umbrellars in great abundance and a great many other articles not mentioned sold cheap.

CLOTHING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CUT TO MEASURE AT

JACOB SALOMONSKYS & CO.,
In the "Barney Tisdale" Stores on Road Street.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Oct., 27, 1870.

D. B. BRADFORD. J. B. FEARING.

D. B. BRADFORD & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

ALSO

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Will give personal attention to the sale and purchase of Corn, Wheat, Cotton, Bacon, Flour, Lard and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and make prompt returns.

Consignments respectfully solicited, and liberal cash advances made if required.

Refer by permission to

Dr. Wm. G. Pool,
Mr. Geo. D. Pool, Mr. R. F. Overman, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Messrs. Davis & Bro., Norfolk, Va.
Messrs. John Williams & Son, Baltimore, M. D.
Rev. E. M. Forbes, Newberne, N. C.

D. B. BRADFORD & CO.,

Have just received in store, and offer to the trade at

LOWEST RATES,

10 Bags all grades Rio Coffee.
3 Bags choice Laguayra Coffee.
3 Bags Old Government Java Coffee.
10 Barrels choice Demerara Sugars.
5 Barrels P. R. Sugar, very nice.
5 Barrels Refined Sugar, crushed, powdered granulated.
10 Barrels Refined Sugar, A. B. and Extra C.
5 Barrels low priced Yellow Sugar.
20 Barrels N. Y. Mess and Rump Pork.
1,000 Pounds Bacon Sides and Shoulders.
500 Pounds choice S. C. Breast Bacon.
1,000 Pounds choice S. C. Family Hams.
4,000 Pounds No. 1 Lard.
100 Sacks Liverpool G. A. Salt.
100 Barrels, C. A. Gambrill and other choice brands of Flour.
20 Barrels Molasses.
3 Barrels Sugar House Syrup.
30 Kegs Nails, all sizes.
20 Barrels Eastern Herrings.
20 Boxes C. Erasive Soap.
500 Blocks Cotton Yarn, assorted numbers.
5 Tubs choice N. Y. State Butter.
7 Barrels Wests No. 1 Kerosene Oil.
10 Barrels Irish Potatoes, *for tdble use.*
10 Boxes Tobacco.
300 Pounds choice Smoking Tobocco.

With a full stock of pure Pepper, Allspice, Starch, Chocolate, Mustard, Ginger, Brooms, Buckets, Crockery, Glass Ware, Tin Ware, Spades, Shovels, &c. &c., usually kept in a first class Family Grocery, all of which we are selling at low prices, and warranted as represented.

D. B. BRADFORD,
J. B. FEARING.

E. City, N. C., May, 19, 1870.

MEDICAL.

TO PHYSICIANS.

New York, May 5th, 1870

Allow me to call your attention to my

PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU.

The component parts are, BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distillation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of the ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflamation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of 16 Years' Experience.

(FROM THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS IN THE WORLD.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Ninth and Brown streets, Philadelphia.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. PRICE—$1,25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 BROADWAY, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE.

Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

May 5, ly 45-1870.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO CONSUMERS OF DRY GOODS.

ALL RETAIL ORDERS AMOUNTING TO $20 AND OVER DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY.

FREE OF EXPRESS CHARGES.

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,
OF BALTIMORE, MD.,

In order the better to meet the wants of their Retail Customers at a distance, have established a

SAMPLE BUREAU,

and will, upon application, *promptly send by mail* full lines of Samples of the Newest and most Fashionable Goods, of FRENCH, ENGLISH and DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE, guaranteeing at all times to sell *as low, if not at less prices,* than any house in the country.

Buying our goods from the largest and most celebrated manufacturers in the different parts of Europe, and importing the same by Steamers direct to Baltimore, our stock is at all times promptly supplied with the novelties of the London and Paris Markets.

As we buy and sell *only for cash, and make no bad debts,* we are able and willing to sell our goods at FROM TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT, LESS PROFIT than if we gave credit.

In sending for samples specify the kind of goods desired. We keep the best grades of every class of goods, from the lowest to the most costly.

Orders unaccompanied by the cash, will be sent C. O. D.

PROMPT PAYING WHOLESALE BUYERS are invited to inspect the Stock in our Jobbing and Packing Department. Address

HAMILTON EASTON & SONS,
197, 199, 201 and 203 West Baltimore St.,
Baltimore, Md.

Oct. 27th.,—70—1y.

ESTABLISHED 1811.

CUSHINGS & BAILEY,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
262 BALTIMORE ST., *BALTIMORE,*

Have the LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK In the city of SCHOOL MEDICAL and LAW, and DENTAL, CLASSICAL and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

An immense supply of GENERAL BANK AND COUNTING-HOUSE.

STATIONERY.

Blank Books made to order in any style of Binding and Ruling

The same careful Attention given to ORDERS as to PERSONAL PURCHASES.

INSIDE FIGURES ALWAYS.

Send for Catalogues, &c.

6m.

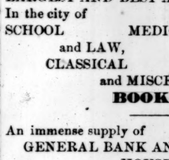
PROFESSIONAL.—

I take this method of informing my patrons, friends and citizens of Elizabeth City and Pasquotank county, also those of Camden Currituck and Perquimans counties, that I can now be found at all hours, when not Professionally absent, either at my residence, next door to Samuel Cartwright's store, or my office next door to C. C. Allen & Bro., Road street. All calls for service or cases intrusted to my care will receive strict punctuality, and I require prompt settlements of all persons employing me.

I shall keep constantly on hand a supply of Standard Medicines, and such persons as prefer it can get prescriptions and medicines at my office. All office practice must be cashed at the time of service. I wish all orders for services left either at my residence or on a slate in my office.

R. H. McINTOSH, M. D.
E. City, N. C.—34-1y.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE



best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH.
Elizabeth City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

VARIETY STORE.

I take this method of informing the public that I have just received at my store on Leather Hill, a new and selected stock of

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES.

Also an extensive assortment of hardware, cutlery, notions, patent medicines, &c., &c. Also a fresh lot of confectioneries, consisting in part of candies, oranges, fruits, nuts, &c., &c., all of which I propose to sell cheap for cash—my motto being small profits and quick sales.

The public are invited to call and examine for themselves. KEATON & HORTON.

24-1y

FRUIT TREES.

A prime lot of peach, apple, dwarf pear, and cherry trees, and small fruit plants, for sale, at reasonable prices, at the nursery of the subscriber in Princess Anne county, Va., also pear trees and other nursery stock supplied from a reliable Northern nursery, by timely application. For particulars address

J. W. BARNARD, Blossom Hill, P. O.,
Princess Anne co. Va., or
Dr. WM. UNDERWOOD, Agent,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

13-tf

☞ I am also dealer in genuine Chester White pigs. J. W. BARNARD.

33—m.

NEW CIGAR STORE.

J. L. Stauter would respectfully announce to the citizens of Elizabeth City, that he has opened a Cigar and Tobacco Store on Road Street two doors North of the Post Office, where will always be found a choice cigar of his own manufacture. Also a well selected stock of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, consisting in part of Navy, Natural Leaf, Bright-sweet and Fine-Cut Chewing. Durham, Zephur Puff, and Forfolk Pet smoking. Maccoboy and Scotch Snuff, and a splendid assortment of Pipes, Cigar-Holders, Snuff-Boxes, &c. Call and try a cigar manufactured in E. City.

May 19, 1870-1y.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.—38—1y.

FISHERIES.—

The undersigned are prepared to supply Spooner's whale warps, Sein Netting, Corks, Rubber Boots, Rings, &c., suited to the large Sound Fisheries, on usual terms, and early orders are solicited, in order to be prompt in supplying.

AM'A NET & TWINE CO.
Sept. 15, 1870—4m. Boston.

WALTER CLARK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in Courts of Halifax, Martin, Bertie, and Northampton Counties. Also, in Federal and Supreme Courts.

Collections made in any part of North Carolina. 2-1y..

ESTABLISHED 1846.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS. THOS. P. WILLIAMS, JR.
P. C. WILLIAMS.

JOHN WILLIAMS & SON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

115 Smith's Wharf,

BALTIMORE.

July 8, 1869.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!

For Judges of Probate, Sheriffs, Constables, Magistrates and Superior Court Clerks.

The following BLANKS ar now printed and for sale at this office:

Executions against property,
Appraisers returns,
Apprentice indentures,
Administrator bonds,
Forthcoming bonds,
Bond for costs,
Bastardy bonds,
Appearance bonds.
Letters of administration,
Letters of guardianship,
Letters testamentary,
Executions for cost,
Acknowledgement and private examination of a married woman,
Order to lay off widow's dower,
Recognizance of prisoner with surety,
Assignees deeds,
Summons in action for recovery of money only.
Sheriff's garnishment of delinquent poll.
Officers Fi. Fa.,
Guardians Sci. Fa.,
Superior Court subpœnas—State and civil,
" " writs,
" " Ven. Ex.,
" " capias,
" " Vend. Ex.,
" " " " with Fi. Fa clause,
" " Sci. Fa.,
Magistrate's summons,
" judgment,
" execution,
" subpœnas,
" attachment,
" Transcript of judgment,
State warrants,
Peace warrants,
Recognizance—peace warrant,
" State warrant,
Constables fortheoming bonds,
Bastardy—examination of single woman,
" bond,
" warrant against putative father,
Road orders.
Summons for Relief.
Prosecution Bonds.
Citation to Renew Bond.
Bills of Lading.
Complaint to obtain Search Warrant.
Subpœna, Superior Court.
Search Warrants.

The above blanks are in conformity with the new Constitution.

☞ Cash orders will be promptly attended to.

PRICE $2,00 PER HUNDRED.
Address NORTH CAROLINIAN,
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BOOKS,
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ALL EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH

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FOR LAWYERS, MAGISTRATES, CONSTABLES, CLERKS, &c.,

of the most approved Forms, on excellent Paper, will be printed to order, and forwarded by Mail or Express to any Post Office in the State

TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

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P. JOHN,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

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C. W. SMITH, WM. UNDERWOOD,
A. C. MOORE.

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Being engaged in other business, I desire to restrict my Practice to cases of Consultation, and to a limited extent of special practice.

My charges will be—

For consultation with another Physician,	$5 00
" each subsequent consultation, in same case,	2 50
" examination and prescript'n, from $1 to	5 00
" visit in Eliz. City, and prescription,	1 50
" each subsequent visit, in same case, same day,	50
" visit in Eliz. City, at night,	5 00
" visit in country—the first mile,	2 00
" each after mile, per mile,	50
" visit one mile in country, at night, or in bad weather,	6 00
" each after mile, at night, or in bad weather,	1 00

Prompt settlement required.

W. G. POOL, M. D.
Elizabeth City, July 1, 1869-tf.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

PHYSICIANS—

Can find at Dr. JAS N. BUTT'S Drug Store, *Fresh* Hyrate of Chloral, Extract of Calaber Bean, Hydrastin Leptandrin, Permanginate of Potash, Phosporic Acid, Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda, and Patassa. Ammo. Citrate of Bismuth, Hypodermic Syringes, Extract of Lettue, Sequi. Chlori. and Per Sulphate of Iron, &c. &c. &c. Oct. 26, 1870.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

DR. J. N. BUTT

Sells Pure Non-Explosive Kerosene. Keeps a large lot of Lamps, small and medium, lamp complete for 50 cents. I keep ne-plus ultra chimneys, small, medium, large and mammoth, flange chimney, small, medium and large, Comet chimney, and the old Socket or Slip Chimney, Daylight, Brocket Lamps, Silver Reflectors and Chandaliers for Stores.

FARMERS ATTENTION!

It is demonstrated that the land in East North Carolina can be much improved by subsoiling. Burnham and Pierce's celebrated Patent subsoil Plow is just what is needed. It is especially adapted for our soil. The subscriber is the sole owner of the Patent for Pasquotank county, and is prepared to furnish them on short notice. Call and examine for yourselves. For reference call on Geo. D. Pool, or C. W. Hollowell.

JOHN S. WAUGH.
ELIZABETH CITY, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

JAMES M. MULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Northampton,